

BUSHFIRE THREAT ASSESSMENT

FOR PROPOSED TWO ATTACHED DUPLEXES

AT

106 SPRINGFIELD DRIVE,

LOCHINVAR NSW 2321

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Disclaimer

Notwithstanding the precautions adopted within this report, it should always be remembered that bushfires burn under a wide range of conditions. An element of risk, no matter how small always remains, and although the standard is designed to improve the performance of such buildings, there can be no guarantee, because of the variable nature of bushfires, that any one building will withstand bushfire attack on every occasion.



Executive Summary

A Bushfire Threat Assessment Report (BTA) has been prepared by Firebird ecoSultants Pty Ltd at the request of Neacon for proposed two attached duplexes at 106 Springfield Drive, Lochinvar NSW 2321. The report forms part of the supporting documentation for a DA to be submitted to Maitland City Council (MCC) because the site is mapped as Bushfire Prone Land (BPL) under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (s10.3 – Bush fire prone land).

This Report demonstrates how the development conforms with the document titled 'Planning for Bushfire Protection' (PBP). The aim of PBP is to provide for the protection of human life and minimise the impacts on property from the threat of bush fire, while having due regard to development potential, site characteristics and protection of the environment (p.10).

This assessment aims to consider and assess the bushfire hazard and associated potential threats relevant to the proposal. Recommendations are provided with regard to fuel management, access, provision of emergency services, building protection and construction standards to facilitate an acceptable level of bushfire protection.

In summary, the following is recommended to enable the proposal to meet the relevant legislative requirements:

1. Asset Protection Zone (APZ) - The APZ provides space and reduced fuel loads to ensure radiant heat levels at the buildings are below critical limits and to prevent direct flame contact.

To achieve a Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) of **BAL-LOW** the following land is to be managed as an APZ:

• The areas of the site outside the development footprint should be managed as an Inner Protection Area.

These distances are to be managed as described under 'Planning for Bushfire Protection (Appendix 4 – Asset Protect Zone Requirements)' and the document titled 'Standards for Asset Protection Zones'.

2. Perimeter Roads - Access standards provide for emergency evacuation and firefighting operations

- The proposed duplexes will have direct access to the existing public road (Springfield Drive) at a distance of <70m therefore there are no specific access requirements for the development.
- 3. Construction Standards Construction standards seek to increase the protection of the habitable buildings from bushfire. The shorter the APZ (distance between the external wall of the habitable building and the unmanaged vegetation), then the higher the construction standard, which is referred to as the BAL



- The proposed duplexes in the proposed building envelopes will be assessed as BAL-LOW based on the abovementioned APZs.
- 4. Landscaping The type, location and ongoing maintenance of landscaping is considered a necessary BPM
 - The identified APZs are to be managed in accordance with accordance with PBP (Appendix 4);
 - A clear area of low-cut lawn or pavement is maintained adjacent to the dwellings; and
 - Fencing details in accordance with PBP (7.6 Fences and gates)

This report provides the above required information to assist Council and the RFS in determining compliance in accordance with the PBP 2019 and AS 3959-2018.

BPAD Bushfire Planning & Design Accredited Practitioner Level 3

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Terms & Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
APZ	Asset Protection Zone
AS2419 -2017	Australian Standard – Fire Hydrant Installations
AS3959-2018	Australian Standard – Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas
BCA	Building Code of Australia
BPA	Bush Fire Prone Area (Also Bushfire Prone Land)
BFPL Map	Bush Fire Prone Land Map
BPMs	Bush Fire Protection Measures
BFSA	Bush Fire Safety Authority
CC	Construction Certificate
EPA Act	NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
FFDI	Forest Fire Danger Index
FMP	Fuel Management Plan
ha	hectare
IPA	Inner Protection Area
LGA	Local Government Area
MCC	Maitland City Council
OPA	Outer Protection Area
PBP	Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019
PoM	Plan of Management
RF Act	Rural Fires Act 1997
RF Regulation	Rural Fires Regulation



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I INTRODUCTION

A Bushfire Threat Assessment Report (BTA) has been prepared by Firebird ecoSultants Pty Ltd at the request of Neacon for proposed two attached duplexes at 106 Springfield Drive, Lochinvar NSW 2321, hereafter referred to as the "site" (refer to Figure 1-1 for site locality). Refer to Appendix A for Proposed Site Plans.

This BTA is suitable for submission with a Development Application (DA) and provides information on measures that will enable the development to comply with 'Planning for Bushfire Protection' (NSW RFS, 2019), hereafter referred to as PBP (RFS, 2019).

This assessment aims to consider and assess the bushfire hazard and associated potential threats relevant to such a proposal, and to outline the minimum mitigative measures which would be required in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Planning for Bushfire Protection) Regulation 2007 and the Rural Fires Amendment Regulation 2007 (RF Amendment Regulation 2007).

I.I Site Particulars

Locality:	106 Springfield Drive, Lochinvar NSW 2321
Lot:	Lot 249
LGA:	Maitland City Council
Current Land Use:	Vacant Lot
Forest Danger Index:	100 FEDI

Client: Neacon	Legend
Project Name Figure 1-1: Site Location	Legi Subject Land Assessment Area Legi Cadastre Legi Building Outline





I.2 Description of the Proposal

This DA relates to the proposal for two attached duplexes. Refer to Appendix A for proposed plans.

I.3 Legislative Requirements

The Site has been mapped as Bush Fire Prone Land Map (BFPLM) by MCC.

This report forms part of the supporting documentation for a Development Application (DA) to be submitted to MCC.

This BTA has been prepared using current legislative requirements and associated guidelines for assessment of bushfire protection, these being:

- PBP (RFS, 2019); and
- AS3959-2018 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Area.

I.4 Objectives of Assessment

This report has been prepared to address the requirements of Clause 44 of the Rural Fires Regulation. This BTA also addresses the six key Bush Fire Protection Measures (BFRMs) in a development assessment context being:

- The provision of clear separation of buildings and bush fire hazards, in the form of fuel-reduced APZ (and their components being Inner Protection Areas (IPA's) and Outer Protection Areas (OPA's);
- Sitting and design of the proposal;
- Construction standards;
- Appropriate access standards for residents, fire-fighters, emergency workers and those involved in evacuation;
- Adequate water supply and pressure, and utility services; and
- Suitable landscaping, to limit fire spreading to a building.



2 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Vegetation Assessment

Vegetation surveys and vegetation mapping carried out on the site has been undertaken as follows:

- Aerial Photograph Interpretation to map vegetation cover and extent
- Confirmation of the vegetation assemblage typology present.

2.2 Slope Assessment

Slope assessment has been undertaken as follows:

• Aerial Photograph Interpretation in conjunction with analysis of electronic contour maps with a contour interval of 2m.



3 SITE ASSESSMENT

The following assessment has been undertaken in accordance with the requirements of PBP (RFS, 2019).

3.1 Vegetation & Slope Assessment

In accordance with PBP (RFS 2019), an assessment of the vegetation over a distance of 140m in all directions from the site was undertaken. Vegetation that may be considered a bushfire hazard was identified in all directions from the site. This assessment is depicted in Table 3-1 for dwelling 1 and Table 3-2 for dwelling 2.

In accordance with PBP (RFS 2019), an assessment of the slope beneath the vegetation considered a bushfire hazard was undertaken and the results are presented in Table 3-1 and 3-2 and Figure 3-1 and 3-2 below.

Direction	Vegetation Type	Distance from Site Boundary	Slope Vegetation occurs on
North	Managed Land – Residential Development	>100m	N/A
East	Managed Land – Cleared for Future Development	>100m	N/A
South	Managed Land – Cleared for Future Development	>100m	N/A
West	Managed Land – Residential Development	>100m	N/A

Table 3-1: Vegetation Classification for Duplex 1

Table 3-2: Vegetation Classification for Duplex 2

Direction	Vegetation Type	Distance from Site Boundary	Slope Vegetation occurs on
North	Managed Land – Residential Development	>100m	N/A
East	Managed Land – Cleared for Future Development	>100m	N/A
South	Managed Land – Cleared for Future Development	>100m	N/A
West	Managed Land – Residential Development	>100m	N/A

0 20 40 m Scale 1:2,000	firebird
Client: Neacon Project Name Figure 3-1: Vegetation Map	Legend Subject Land Assessment Area Cadastre Elevation Contours 100m Building Outline 140m



4 BUSHFIRE PROTECTION ASSESSMENT

4.1 Asset Protection Zones (APZ)

The PBP (RFS, 2019) guidelines have been used to determine the widths of the APZs required for habitable buildings within the site using the vegetation and slope data identified in Section 3-1 of this report.

The site lies within Maitland Local Government Area and therefore is assessed under an FDI rating of 100. Using the results from the Site Assessment (section 3.1 of this report) the deemed to satisfy APZ requirements for the proposed buildings within the site were determined using Table A1.12.2 in PBP (RFS, 2019). Refer to Table 4-1 for the required APZs for the proposed habitable buildings.

Table 4-1: Recommended APZs for Proposed Dwellings within the proposed building envelope

Direction from Development	Vegetation classified within 140m	Effective Slope (within 100m)	APZ to be provided
North	Managed Land	N/A	>100m of managed land occurs. The site can be managed as an IPA
East	Managed Land	N/A	>100m of managed land occurs. The site can be managed as an IPA
South Managed Land		N/A	>100m of managed land occurs. The site can be managed as an IPA
West	Managed Land	N/A	>100m of managed land occurs. The site can be managed as an IPA



5 DWELLING DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION

Building design and the materials used for construction of future dwellings should be chosen based on the information contained within AS3959-2018, and accordingly the designer / architect should be made aware of this recommendation. It may be necessary to have dwelling plans checked by the architect involved to ensure that the proposed dwellings meet the relevant Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) as detailed in AS3959-2018.

The determinations of the appropriate BAL are based upon parameters such as weather modelling, fire-line intensity, flame length calculations, as well as vegetation and fuel load analysis. The determination of the construction level is derived by assessing the:

- Relevant FFDI = 100
- Flame temperature
- Slope
- Vegetation classification; and
- Building location.

The following BAL, based on heat flux exposure thresholds, are used in the standard:

(a) **BAL – LOW** The risk is considered to be **VERY LOW**

There is insufficient risk to warrant any specific construction requirements but there are still some risks.

(b) **BAL – 12.5** The risk is considered to be **LOW**

There is a risk of ember attack.

The construction elements are expected to be exposed to a heat flux not greater than 12.5 k/m^2 .

(c) **BAL – 19** The risk is considered to be **MODERATE**

There is a risk of ember attack and burning debris ignited by wind borne embers and a likelihood of exposure to radiant heat.

The construction elements are expected to be exposed to a heat flux not greater than 19 kW/m^2 .

(d) **BAL-29** The risk is considered to be **HIGH**

There is an increased risk of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers and a likelihood of exposure to an increased level of radiant heat.



The construction elements are expected to be exposed to a heat flux no greater than 29 kW/m^2 .

(e) **BAL-40** The risk is considered to be **VERY HIGH**

There is much increased risk of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers, a likelihood of exposure to a high level of radiant heat and some likelihood of direct exposure to flames from the fire front.

The construction elements are expected to be exposed to a heat flux no greater than 40 kW/m^2 .

(f) **BAL-FZ** The risk is considered to be **EXTREME**

There is an extremely high risk of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers, a likelihood of exposure to an extreme level of radiant heat and direct exposure to flames from the fire front.

The construction elements are expected to be exposed to a heat flux greater than 40 kW/m^2 .

5.1 Determination of Bushfire Attack Levels

Using a FFDI of 100, the information relating to vegetation and slope was applied to Table A1.12.5 of PBP 2019 to determine the appropriate BAL ratings. The results from this bush fire risk assessment are detailed below in Table 5-1- Bush Fire Attack Assessment.

Vegetation Type & Direction	Separation Distance from vegetation	Bushfire Attack Level (BAL)	Construction Section
Managed Land to the North	>100m	BAL-LOW	No requirements
Managed Land to the East	>100m	BAL-LOW	No requirements
Managed Land to the South	>100m	BAL-LOW	No requirements
Managed Land to the West	>100m	BAL-LOW	No requirements

Table 5-1: Determination of Required BAL for Dwellings within the site

Given the information in Table 5-1 above the proposed dwellings within the proposed building envelope will be able to comply with AS3959-2018 and have been assessed as BAL-LOW.



6 COMPLIANCE

The proposal is for two attached duplexes and therefore development standards apply. Table 6-1 details compliance with Development Standards for Residential and Rural Residential Subdivisions as this development increases residential density (s8.2.1 in PBP 2019).

Acceptable Solutions		Performance Criteria	Compliance
		Asset Protection Zone	es
>	APZs are provided in accordance with Tables A1.12.2 and A1.12.3 based on the FFDI.	potential building footprints must not be exposed to radiant heat levels exceeding 29 kW/m ² on each proposed lot.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – APZs for the site have been provided in accordance with Table A1.12.5 of PBP 2019.
>	APZs are managed in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4.	APZs are managed and maintained to prevent the spread of a fire towards the building.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – The site is to be managed to the standard of an IPA.
>	APZs are wholly within the boundaries of the development site	the APZs is provided in perpetuity	Complies with Acceptable Solution – The site is to be managed to the standard of an IPA.
>	APZs are located on lands with a slope less than 18 degrees.	APZ maintenance is practical, soil stability is not compromised and the potential for crown fires is minimised.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – APZs on site occur over land with slope <18°.
		Landscaping	
>	landscaping is in accordance with Appendix 4; and fencing is constructed in accordance with section 7.6.	landscaping is designed and managed to minimise flame contact and radiant heat to buildings, and the potential for wind-driven embers to cause ignitions.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – All landscaping within the site will meet the requirements of the acceptable solution.

Table 6-1: Proposed Duplexes Compliance with Development Standards



Access (General Requirements)			
 property access roads are two-wheel drive, all weather roads; 	firefighting vehicles are provided with safe, all-weather access to structures.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – no roads are proposed as part of the proposal.	
 perimeter roads are provided for residential subdivisions of three or more allotments; 		The road network is already existing and the public roads comply with the requirements of the acceptable solution.	
 subdivisions of three or more allotments have more than one access in and out of the development; 			
 traffic management devices are constructed to not prohibit access by emergency services vehicles; 			
 maximum grades for sealed roads do not exceed 15 degrees and an average grade of not more than 10 degrees or other gradient specified by road design standards, whichever is the lesser gradient; 			
> all roads are through roads;			
 dead end roads are not recommended, but if unavoidable, are not more than 200 metres in length, incorporate a minimum 12 metres outer radius turning circle, and are clearly sign posted as a dead end; 			
 where kerb and guttering is provided on perimeter roads, roll top kerbing should be used to the hazard side of the road; 			
 where access/egress can only be achieved through forest, woodland and heath 			



>	vegetation, secondary access shall be provided to an alternate point on the existing public road system; and one way only public access roads are no less than 3.5 metres wide and have designated parking bays with hydrants located outside of these areas to ensure accessibility to reticulated water for fire suppression.		
)	the capacity of perimeter and non-perimeter road surfaces and any bridges/causeways is sufficient to carry fully loaded firefighting vehicles (up to 23 tonnes); bridges/causeways are to clearly indicate load rating.	the capacity of access roads is adequate for firefighting vehicles.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – no roads are proposed as part of the proposal. The existing public road complies with the acceptable solution requirements.
)	hydrants are located outside of parking reserves and road carriageways to ensure accessibility to reticulated water for fire suppression;	there is appropriate access to water supply.	Complies with acceptable solution – hydrants are located within 70m of the proposed dwellings.
)	hydrants are provided in accordance with the relevant clauses of AS 2419.1:2017 - Fire hydrant installations System design, installation and commissioning; and		
	there is suitable access for a Category 1 fire appliance to within 4m of the static water supply where no reticulated supply is available.		



	Perimeter Roads			
\rangle	are two-way sealed roads;	access roads are designed to allow safe	N/A – perimeter roads are not proposed. The	
\rangle	minimum 8m carriageway width kerb to kerb;	vehicles while residents are evacuating	existing public roads comply with the acceptable solution.	
>	parking is provided outside of the carriageway width;	as well as providing a safe operational environment for emergency service		
>	hydrants are located clear of parking areas;	personnel during firefighting and emergency management on the		
>	are through roads, and these are linked to the internal road system at an interval of no greater than 500m;	interface.		
>	curves of roads have a minimum inner radius of 6m;			
>	the maximum grade road is 15 degrees and average grade of not more than 10 degrees;			
>	the road crossfall does not exceed 3 degrees; and			
>	a minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches, is provided.			
		Non-Perimeter Roads	S	
\rangle	minimum 5.5m carriageway width kerb to kerb;	access roads are designed to allow safe	N/A – no roads exist as part of the proposal.	
>	parking is provided outside of the carriageway width;	access and egress for firefighting vehicles while residents are evacuating.		
\rangle	hydrants are located clear of parking areas;			



> >	roads are through roads, and these are linked to the internal road system at an interval of no greater than 500m; curves of roads have a minimum inner radius				
>	or om; the road crossfall does not exceed 3 degrees; and				
>	a minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches, is provided.				
		Р	ropert	y Access	
>	There are no specific access requirements in an urban area where an unobstructed path (no greater than 70m) is provided between the most distant external part of the proposed dwelling and the nearest part of the public access road (where the road speed limit is not greater than 70kph) that supports the operational use of emergency firefighting vehicles.	firefighting dwelling ar	vehicles d exit the p	can access the property safely.	 Complies with Acceptable Solution – All proposed lots will be able to comply with PBP 2019 and in any case access will be connected to a public road by a driveway <70m.
	In circumstances where this cannot occur, the following requirements apply:				
\rangle	minimum 4m carriageway width;				
>	in forest, woodland and heath situations, rural property access roads have passing bays every 200m that are 20m long by 2m wide,				



making a minimum trafficable width of 6m at the passing bay;	
 a minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches; 	
 provide a suitable turning area in accordance with Appendix 3; 	
 curves have a minimum inner radius of 6m and are minimal in number to allow for rapid access and egress; 	
 the minimum distance between inner and outer curves is 6m; 	
\rangle the crossfall is not more than 10 degrees;	
 maximum grades for sealed roads do not exceed 15 degrees and not more than 10 degrees for unsealed roads; and 	
 a development comprising more than three dwellings has access by dedication of a road and not by right of way. 	
Note: Some short constrictions in the access may be accepted where they are not less than 3.5m wide, extend for no more than 30m and where the obstruction cannot be reasonably avoided or removed. The gradients applicable to public roads also apply to community style development	



	property access roads in addition to the above.		
		Water Supplies	
>	reticulated water is to be provided to the development where available;	adequate water supplies are provided for firefighting purposes.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – The site is connected to reticulated water.
>	a static water and hydrant supply is provided for non-reticulated developments or where reticulated water supply cannot be guaranteed; and		
>	static water supplies shall comply with Table 5.3d.		
>	fire hydrant, spacing, design and sizing complies with the relevant clauses of Australian Standard AS 2419.1:2017;	Water supplies are located at regular intervals; and the water supply is accessible and	Complies with Acceptable Solution – hydrants are located within 70m of the proposed dwellings
>	hydrants are not located within any road carriageway; and	reliable for firefighting operations.	
>	reticulated water supply to urban subdivisions uses a ring main system for areas with perimeter roads.		
>	fire hydrant flows and pressures comply with the relevant clauses of AS 2419.1:2017.	flows and pressure are appropriate.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – fire hydrant pressures and flows are assumed to be compliant.



>	all above-ground water service pipes are metal, including and up to any taps; and	the integrity of the water supply is maintained.	Complies with Acceptable Solution – All above ground water service pipes will meet
>	above-ground water storage tanks shall be of concrete or metal.		the requirements.
		Electricity Services	
\rangle	where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground;	location of electricity services limits the possibility of ignition of surrounding	Complies with Acceptable Solution – Proposed dwellings are able to meet the requires
\rangle	where overhead, electrical transmission	bush land or the fabric of buildings.	for electricity services.
	 lines are proposed as follows: lines are installed with short pole spacing of 30m, unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and 		
	 > no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines. 		
		Gas Services	
>	reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 - The storage and handling of LP Gas, the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used;	location and design of gas services will not lead to ignition of surrounding bushland or the fabric of buildings.	Can Complies with Acceptable Solution – Proposed dwellings are able to meet the requirements for gas services.
>	all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;		



 connections to and from gas cylinders are metal; 	
 polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and 	
 above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets. 	



7 CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATIONS

In summary, a Bushfire Risk Assessment has been undertaken for proposed two attached duplexes at 106 Springfield Drive, Lochinvar NSW 2321. The report forms part of the supporting documentation for a Development Application (DA) to be submitted to MCC.

If the recommendations contained within this report are duly considered and incorporated, it is considered that the fire hazard present is containable to a level necessary to provide an adequate level of protection to life and property on the subdivision. In summary, the following is recommended to enable the proposal to meet the relevant legislative requirements:

1. Asset Protection Zone (APZ) - The APZ provides space and reduced fuel loads to ensure radiant heat levels at the buildings are below critical limits and to prevent direct flame contact.

To achieve a Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) of **BAL-LOW** the following land is to be managed as an APZ:

• The areas of the site outside the development footprint should be managed as an Inner Protection Area (IPA).

These distances are to be managed as described under 'Planning for Bushfire Protection (Appendix 4 – Asset Protect Zone Requirements)' and the document titled 'Standards for Asset Protection Zones'.

- 2. Perimeter Roads Access standards provide for emergency evacuation and firefighting operations
 - The proposed duplexes will have direct access to the existing public road (Springfield Drive) at a distance of <70m therefore there are no specific access requirements for the development.
- 3. Construction Standards Construction standards seek to increase the protection of the habitable buildings from bushfire. The shorter the APZ (distance between the external wall of the habitable building and the unmanaged vegetation), then the higher the construction standard, which is referred to as the BAL
 - The proposed dwellings in the proposed building envelope will be assessed as **BAL-LOW** based on the above mentioned APZs.
- 4. Landscaping The type, location and ongoing maintenance of landscaping is considered a necessary BPM
 - The identified APZs are to be managed in accordance with accordance with PBP (Appendix 4);
 - A clear area of low-cut lawn or pavement is maintained adjacent to the dwellings; and



• Fencing details in accordance with PBP (7.6 – Fences and gates)

This report provides the above required information to assist Council and the RFS in determining compliance in accordance with the PBP 2019 and AS 3959-2018.



8 **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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APPENDIX A PROPOSED SITE PLANS



ACCREDITED BUILDING DESIGNER

> DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION DOCUMENTATION > 26/11/2024

> NEACON > 5202 > MULTI RES > LOT 249, DP 1271229 > 106 SPRINGFIELD DRIVE, LOCHINVAR

DA-D1 DA-D2 DA1 **> LA** # 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 1.10 1.11 1.12 1.13 1.14 1.15

REV

> REVISION SCHEDULE

DESCRIPTION	DATE
DRAFT DA PLANS FOR REVIEW DRAFT DA PLANS CHANGES TO DOOR HEIGHTS, SKYLIGHTS, STORES DA PLANS FOR ISSUE	08/11/2024 13/11/2024 26/11/2024

> LAYOUT INDEX

LAYOUT NAME

> (COVER	PAGE
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> S	ITE	PLA	١N
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- > BULK EARTHWORKS PLAN
- > DRIVEWAY DETAIL
- > RES 1 & 2 FLOOR PLAN
- > RES 3 & 4 FLOOR PLAN
- > SECTIONS / BASIX
- > RES 1 & 2 ELEVATIONS
- 1.10 > RES 3 & 4 WEST ELEVATION
- 1.11 > LANDSCAPE PLAN
- 1.12 > 3D VIEW
- 1.13 > JUNE 21st 9:00AM SHADOW DIAGRAM
- 1.14 > JUNE 21st 12:00PM SHADOW DIAGRAM
- 1.15 > JUNE 21st 3:00PM SHADOW DIAGRAM



1

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 > MULTI RES
 > 106 SPRINGFIELD DRIVE, LOCHINVAR
 > LOT 249, DP 1271229 > DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION > Desigr > Drafter > SN > JB

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> Job No

> 5202 > DA1

> DO NOT SCALE. IF IN DOUBT, ASK

> 1.2



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> SEDIMENT CONTROLS

> 1. ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO THE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION ACT AND THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION FROM DISCHARGE OF ANY POLLUTION FROM THE SITE.

> 2. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED.

> 3. ALL SEDIMENT RETAINING STRUCTURES SHALL BE CLEARED UPON REACHING A MAXIMUM OF 75% CAPACITY. REMOVED SEDIMENT SHALL BE SPREAD WITHIN DISTRIBUTION AREAS ON THE SITE.

> 4. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF WORKS ALL EXPOSED AREAS SHALL BE STABILISED BY TURFING OR MULCHING (BY OWNER). SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL GROUND COVER IS FSTABILISHED ESTABLISHED.

<u>> SITE STATISTICS</u>

FLOOR SPACE RATIO	N/A
SITE COVERAGE	66.2%
UNBUILT AREA	33.0%
UNBUILT AREA	33.0%

<u>> AREAS</u>

	_	AREA (m²):
SITE AREA		935.11
SITE COVERAGE		618.45
UNBUILT		308.55
DRIVEWAY		264.40



SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





MIN 300 x 300 TRENCH BACKFILLED WITH AGGREGATE

100 Ø SOCKED AG PIPE CONNECT AG PIPE TO 0-STORMWATER DRAINAGE



> SEDIMENT FENCE DRAINAGE AREA 0.6 HA MAXIMUM SLOPE GRADIENT 1:2 MAXIMUM. SLOPE LENGTH 60m MAXIMUM.

SILT FENCE SILT CONTROL BARRIEL ON WIRE OR STEEL MESH, BURIED INTO GROUND AT BASE.

POSTS DRIVEN 600mm INTO GROUND

> 5202

> DA1

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> CUT AND FILL VOLUMES ARE ESTIMATED BASED ON SITE MODELLING USING ArchiCAD. IT DOES NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT SOIL CLASSIFICATION, MOISTURE CONTENT, ROCK, VEGETATION, COMPACTION, OR "FLUFF RATE"

> NO SUBTERRANEAN INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN UNERTAKEN. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILTY TO CONTACT DIAL BEFORE YOU DIG ON PHONE No. 1100 or www.1100.com.au PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION OR EARTHWORKS





> DRIVEWAY PROFILE



<u>> NOTE</u>











> RES 1 & 2 FLOOR PLAN

1

D = 0	
RES	

RES 1		
LIVING AREA	69.45	
GARAGE	21.93	
PERGOLA	9.05	
PORCH	1.75	

		102.18 m ²
F	RES 2	
	LIVING AREA	64.56
	GARAGE	20.03
	PERGOLA	9.03
	PORCH	1.44
		95.06 m ²

RES 3	
LIVING AREA	66.31
GARAGE	21.43
PERGOLA	3.00
PORCH	1.48
	92.22 m²
RES 4	
	66 31

	381.53 m²
	92.07 m²
PORCH	1.48
PERGOLA	2.85
GARAGE	21.43

> 2. ALL DIMENSIONS AND LEVELS TO BE CHECKED AND VERIFIED BY THE BUILDER.

> 3. ALL WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS, CODES AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

> 4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

> 5. ALL MATERIALS TO BE INSTALLED TO MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS.

> 6. SITE LEVELS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. PLEASE EVALUATE ON SITE BEFORE ANY ORDERING OR WORK BEGINS.

> 7. BUILDER TO CONFIRM KITCHEN & LAUNDRY LAYOUT WITH OWNER PRIOR TO ORDERING & INSTALLATION.

> 8. (a) INDICATES SMOKE ALARM IN ACCORDANCE WITH H3D6 OF THE NCC 2022 AND PART 9.5 SMOKE ALARMS AND EVACUATION LIGHTING OF THE HOUSING PROVISIONS
 STANDARD 2022.

- >9. WATERPROOFING SYSTEM TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WTH AS3740:2021 OR NCC VOL. 2 PART 10.2 OF THE ABCB HOUSING PROVISIONS.

> 10. BUILDER TO COMPLY WITH H4D9 OF THE NCC
 2022 AND PART 10.8 CONDENSATION MANAGEMENT
 OF THE HOUSING PROVISIONS STANDARD 2022.

> CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

- > FRAME: TIMBER
 > EXTERNAL WALLS: BRICK VNEER / LIGHTWEIGHT
 > ROOF: CUSTOM ORB
 > FLOOR: CONCRETE SLAB











RES 1

ŀ	RES 1		
	LIVING AREA	69.45	
	GARAGE	21.93	
	PERGOLA	9.05	
	PORCH	1.75	

	102.18 m²
RES 2	
LIVING AREA	64.56
GARAGE	20.03
PERGOLA	9.03
PORCH	1.44
	95.06 m ²

F	RES 3	
	LIVING AREA	66.31
	GARAGE	21.43
	PERGOLA	3.00
	PORCH	1.48
		92.22 m ²
F	RES 4	
	LIVING AREA	66.31
	GARAGE	21.43
	PERGOLA	2.85
	PORCH	1.48

>	GEI	NERA	L NO	TES

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> CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

92.07 m²

381.53 m²

> FRAME: TIMBER > EXTERNAL WALLS: BRICK VNEER / LIGHTWEIGHT > ROOF: CUSTOM ORB > FLOOR: CONCRETE SLAB

LOCHINVARE 2321				
MENTS PER DWELLING				
TΝ	IENTS			
			-	
	Star Toile	3		
	Star Basi	n Taps	4	
00	of Area	All Dwelling	:104m ²	
	Laundry \	N/M Cold Ta	ap Yes	
	Landscap	be	Yes	
IT	MENTS			
e	ous	6 Stars or b	etter	
		EER >4.0 o	r better	
(D	ucted)			
(D	ucted)	EER >4.0 o	r better	
(D	ucted)	EER >4.0 o	r better	
D	ucted)	EER >4.0 o	r better	
0	r	Interlocked	to light	
0	r facade	Manual on/	off	
ati	ation N/A			
		U1: No U2, U3, U4	: Yes	
m	s/Toilets	U2: No U1, U3, U4: Yes		
D٧	velling: 2	Dedicated	Yes	
		Dedicated	Yes	
;		Dedicated	Yes	
5		Dedicated	Yes	
;		Dedicated	Yes	
[MENTS				
3				
6 (Cooktop / I	Electric Over	n	





> DO NOT SCALE. IF IN DOUBT, ASK

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> SECTION RES 3 & 4

2



> GENERAL NOTES

> 1. THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH SPECIFICATIONS AND ENGINEERS DRA

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> 7. CJ BRICKWORK CONTROL JOINT

> WINDOW NOTES WINDOWS LABELLED (FS) ARE TO COMPLY WITH PART 11.3.7 AND 11.3.8 OF THE HOUSING PROVISIONS STANDARD 2022

DOWS LABELLED OBS - OBSCURED GLASS

> EXTERNAL FINISHES

> CLADDING: BRICK VNEER / LIGHTWEIGHT
 > WINDOWS: ALUMINIUM
 > HINGED DOORS: AS SELECTED
 > ROOF CLADDING: CUSTOM ORB
 > RIDGES AND HIPS: COLORBOND
 > GUTTERS: COLORBOND
 > DOWN PIPES: PVC

Plasterboard on studs Plasterboard + studs + shaft line studs + Plasterboard (party wal **Ceiling Construction** Plasterboard Colou Roof Construction Metal Medi **Floor Construction** Concrete (225mm waffle pod) Windows Glass and fra SSW-001-01 A Alu Sliding V SSW-003-01 A Alu Double I SSW-001-05 A Alu Sliding V Skylights Glass and frame U and SHGC values are according SHGC is within the range specifie Shade elements All shade elements modelled as **Ceiling Penetrations** Modelled as drawn and/or to co Ducting is modelled at 250mm. Additional Notes Ceiling fan not Modelled.

1:100

			Ref No:24072
lyStudio		Mobile	e:0415365359
ystudio@gmail.com	www	.zeroenergys	tudio.com.au
Thermal Performance Specification	s (does not	apply to garag	e)
all Construction		Aa	, Ided Insulation
eer & Lightweight			R2.5
II Construction		Aa	lded Insulation
d on studs		R2.5 to walls ac	djacent to garage
d + studs + shaft liner +			R2.0 + R2.0
nstruction		Ad	ded Insulation
ard	R5.0 to	o ceilings adjace	nt to roof space
truction Colour (Solar Absorptand	e)	Ac	ded Insulation
Medium SA 0.50		Foil +	R1.3 blanket
truction Covering (if not not	ed default v	alues used) A	dded Insulation
25mm waffle pod) As drawn			None
Glass and frame type	U value	SHGC Range	Area sq m
1 A Alu Sliding Window SG 3Clr	6.35	0.71 – 0.79	U1, U3, U4
1 A Alu Double Hung SG 3Clr	6.28	0.70 – 0.78	U1
5 A Alu Sliding Window SG 4ET	4.49	0.59 - 0.65	U2
Glass and frame type U SF	IGC Area	sq m	Detail
values are according to AFRC. Alternate pl hin the range specified	roducts may b	e used if the U valu	ue is lower & the
nents		(Eaves, verandal	hs, awnings etc.)
ements modelled as drawn			
etrations	(Do	wnlights, exhausi	t fans, flues etc.)
drawn and/or to comply with the ventilation and sealing requirements of the BCA			
odelled at 250mm. Downlights model	led.		
Notes			
a a t M a al a ll a al			

THE BUILDER SHALL BEFORE ORDERING VERIFY ALL ERRORS DESIGNER. > DO NOT SCA > DEVELOPI	LCHECK AND VERIF OR CONSTRUCTIO S AND OMISSIONS V ALE. IF IN DOU	TY ALL DIMENSIONS IN STARTS AND WITH THE JBT, ASK CATION	A D VA N TAGE > BUILDING DESIGN THAT'S ALL ABOUT YOU PH: [02] 4934 4919 E: admin@advantagensw.com 0 1 2 3 4 5 > 1:100 - UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE
 Olient > NEACON > Development > MULTI RES > 106 SPRINGFIELD DRIVE, LOCHINVAR > LOT 249, DP 1271229 			North Point A C C R E D I T E D BUILDING DESIGNER Date Published S 26/11/2024
> Designer > Drafter			20/11/2024
> JB > SN			> Page Size
> Job No.	> Revision No.	> Drawing No.	
> 5202	> DA1	> 1.8	AJ







3



1:100 4 > EAST ELEVATION



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 > HINGED DOORS: AS SELECTED
 > ROOF CLADDING: CUSTOM ORB
 > RIDGES AND HIPS: COLORBOND
 > GUTTERS: COLORBOND
 > DOWN PIPES: PVC

OR CONSTRU

1:100

1:100









> RES 3 & 4 NORTH ELEVATION	1:100	4	> RES 3 & 4 NO

> GENERAL NOTES

3

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 > ROOF CLADDING: CUSTOM ORB
 > RIDGES AND HIPS: COLORBOND
 > GUTTERS: COLORBOND
 > DOWN PIPES: PVC

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ORTH ELEVATION







> LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE						
PLANT SYMBOL	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTITY	WIDTH (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)	POT SIZE (L)
S	Callistemon citrinus White Anzac	WHITE ANZAC BOTTLE BRUSH	18	1 000	1 500	1
*	Lomandra hystrix	GREEN MATT RUSH	43	1 000	1 000	0.25
	Magnolia grandiflora 'Little Gem'	DWARF BULL BAY	1	3 500	5 000	25
\odot	Prunus cerasifera 'Oakville Crimson Spire'	ORNAMENTAL PLUMB 'OAKVILLE CRIMSON SPIRE'	3	1 400	8 000	25
(•)	Syzygium australe 'Tiny Trev'	TINY TREV LILLY PILLY	12	800	1 000	0.5

> NOTE

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1:200





SPRINGFIELD





NTAGEN



1:200



1





NTAGEN

Close,

1/3 Cobbans

.

> PO Box 186 East Maitland NSW 2323

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ADVANTAGE PH: [02] 4934 4919 E: admin@advantagensw.com



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> Job No

> 5202 > DA1

<u>> NOTE</u>



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Close, obbans 1/3 Co . > PO Box 186 East Maitland NSW 2323 **ADVANTAGE** > BUILDII PH: [02] 4934 4919 E: admin@advantagensw.com 10 | bdaa A C C R E D I T E D BUILDING DESIGNER Ζ > Date Published > 26/11/2024 > Page Size A3 THE BUILDER SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS BEFORE ORDERING OR CONSTRUCTION STARTS AND VERIFY ALL ERRORS AND OMISSIONS WITH THE DESIGNER. > NEACON > Development
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APPENDIX B ASSET PROTECTION ZONES



APPENDIX 4 ASSET PROTECTION ZONE REQUIREMENTS

In combination with other BPMs, a bush fire hazard can be reduced by implementing simple steps to reduce vegetation levels. This can be done by designing and managing landscaping to implement an APZ around the property.

Careful attention should be paid to species selection, their location relative to their flammability, minimising continuity of vegetation (horizontally and vertically), and ongoing maintenance to remove flammable fuels (leaf litter, twigs and debris).

This Appendix sets the standards which need to be met within an APZ.

A4.1 Asset Protection Zones

An APZ is a fuel-reduced area surrounding a building or structure. It is located between the building or structure and the bush fire hazard.

For a complete guide to APZs and landscaping, download the NSW RFS document *Standards for Asset Protection Zones* at the NSW RFS Website www.rfs.nsw.gov.au.

An APZ provides:

- a buffer zone between a bush fire hazard and an asset;
- an area of reduced bush fire fuel that allows for suppression of fire;
- an area from which backburning or hazard reduction can be conducted; and
- an area which allows emergency services access and provides a relatively safe area for firefighters and home owners to defend their property.

Bush fire fuels should be minimised within an APZ. This is so that the vegetation within the zone does not provide a path for the spread of fire to the building, either from the ground level or through the tree canopy.

An APZ, if designed correctly and maintained regularly, will reduce the risk of:

- direct flame contact on the building;
- damage to the building asset from intense radiant heat; and
- > ember attack.

The methodology for calculating the required APZ distance is contained within Appendix 1. The width of the APZ required will depend upon the development type and bush fire threat. APZs for new development are set out within Chapters 5, 6 and 7 of this document.

In forest vegetation, the APZ can be made up of an Inner Protection Area (IPA) and an Outer Protection Area (OPA).



Figure A4.1

Typlical Inner and Outer Protection Areas.





A4.1.1 Inner Protection Areas (IPAs)

The IPA is the area closest to the building and creates a fuel-managed area which can minimise the impact of direct flame contact and radiant heat on the development and act as a defendable space. Vegetation within the IPA should be kept to a minimum level. Litter fuels within the IPA should be kept below 1cm in height and be discontinuous.

In practical terms the IPA is typically the curtilage around the building, consisting of a mown lawn and well maintained gardens.

When establishing and maintaining an IPA the following requirements apply:

Trees

- tree canopy cover should be less than 15% at maturity;
- trees at maturity should not touch or overhang the building;
- Iower limbs should be removed up to a height of 2m above the ground;
- tree canopies should be separated by 2 to 5m; and
- > preference should be given to smooth barked and evergreen trees.

Shrubs

- create large discontinuities or gaps in the vegetation to slow down or break the progress of fire towards buildings should be provided;
- shrubs should not be located under trees;
- shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover; and
- clumps of shrubs should be separated from exposed windows and doors by a distance of at least twice the height of the vegetation.

Grass

- grass should be kept mown (as a guide grass should be kept to no more than 100mm in height); and
- > leaves and vegetation debris should be removed.

A4.1.2 Outer Protection Areas (OPAs)

An OPA is located between the IPA and the unmanaged vegetation. It is an area where there is maintenance of the understorey and some separation in the canopy. The reduction of fuel in this area aims to decrease the intensity of an approaching fire and restricts the potential for fire spread from crowns; reducing the level of direct flame, radiant heat and ember attack on the IPA.

Because of the nature of an OPA, they are only applicable in forest vegetation.

When establishing and maintaining an OPA the following requirements apply:

Trees

- > tree canopy cover should be less than 30%; and
- > canopies should be separated by 2 to 5m.

Shrubs

- > shrubs should not form a continuous canopy; and
- shrubs should form no more than 20% of ground cover.

Grass

- grass should be kept mown to a height of less than 100mm; and
- > leaf and other debris should be removed.

An APZ should be maintained in perpetuity to ensure ongoing protection from the impact of bush fires. Maintenance of the IPA and OPA as described above should be undertaken regularly, particularly in advance of the bush fire season.

APPENDIX C HYDRANT AND WATER INFORMATION



Hunter Water Corporation 36 Honeysuckle Drive NEWCASTLE NSW 2300

То:		
Azmina Shafie		
97 Scott Street		
Newcastle	NSW	2300

Enquiry Details	
Utility ID	80220
Job Number	38226616
Sequence Number	248471647
Enquiry Date	06/12/2024 14:00
Response	AFFECTED
Address	106 Springfield Dr Lochinvar
Location in Road	
Activity	Planning and Design

Enquirer Details	
Customer ID	3473355
Contact	Azmina Shafie
Company	
Email	azmina@firebirdeco.com.au
Phone	+61422344481

Powered by Robert State

Enquirer Responsibilities

HWC's provision, and your access to and use, of the data, maps and other information contained in HWC's response to your Before You Dig Australia (BYDA) enquiry (Information) are subject to the following terms and conditions and any additional disclaimers contained in HWC's response.

1. Nature of HWC's assets

You acknowledge and accept that:

- (a) water in HWC mains is under pressure and may cause injury or damage if a main is damaged;
- (b) HWC sewer mains can be under pressure and may cause injury or damage if a main is damaged;
- (c) HWC recycled water mains can be under pressure and may cause injury or damage if a main is damaged;
- (d) HWC services are laid at varying depths;
- (e) the Information does not include data related to property services;
- (f) HWC will seek recovery of repair costs if an HWC asset is damaged; and
- (g) all electrical services are to be considered live.

Accordingly, all persons must exercise extreme care and only use hand excavation until the exact location of all assets within a work area is established.

2. Your use of Information

You acknowledge and accept that:

- (a) neither HWC nor BYDA make any representation or give any guarantee, warranty or undertaking (express or implied) as to the currency, accuracy, completeness, effectiveness or reliability of the Information;
- (b) all Information is:
 - i. generated by an automated system based on the information you submit to the BYDA website and it is your responsibility to ensure that the dig site is properly defined in your enquiry;
 - ii. approximate, intended to be of general application and may not be suitable for your specific requirements;
 - iii. unsuitable for scaling purposes; and
 - iv. based on information available to HWC and may not show all existing structures. For example, the location of Private Sewer/Water Mains is the initial indicative location supplied to HWC. This may not be the current location of such mains and not all private mains have been supplied to HWC;
- (c) you must not solely rely on the Information when undertaking underground works;
- (d) all Information is provided for the sole purpose of assisting you to locate HWC assets before excavation (Permitted Purpose) and you must not copy, translate, modify, distribute or make derivative works of the Information except as directly required to achieve the Permitted Purpose;
 (e) all Information must be used and kept together;
- (f) your access to and use of the Information does not grant you any ownership of or intellectually property rights in the Information;
- (g) in identifying in the Information the presence or potential presence of hazardous or potentially hazardous materials in HWC assets, HWC is not representing or warranting that other HWC assets not identified in the Information as containing or potentially containing hazardous materials do not also contain such materials; and
- (h) in excavating and conducting underground works, you must do so having regard to the fact that asbestos cement pipelines may form part of HWC's water and sewer reticulation systems.
- 3. Your other obligations

You are responsible for, amongst other things:

- (a) exposing underground structures, including HWC assets, by pot-holing using hand-held tools or vacuum techniques to determine the precise location and extent of structures before any mechanical means of excavation are used;
- (b) protecting underground structures, including HWC assets, from damage and interference;
- (c) maintaining acceptable clearances between HWC assets and structures belonging to others;
- (d) ensuring that backfilling in the vicinity of HWC assets complies with HWC's requirements (as set out on HWC's website or otherwise communicated to you by HWC);
- (e) notifying HWC immediately of any damage caused or threat of damage to any HWC asset; and
- (f) ensuring that plans are approved by HWC (usually by stamping) prior to landscaping or building over or in the vicinity of any HWC asset.

x dbydsuite

www.hunterwater.com.au 1300 657 000

Enquirer Responsibilities Continued

4. Disclaimer

While HWC takes reasonable care in providing details of its underground assets, due to changes in road and footway alignments and levels, the age and incompleteness of some records and the general nature of the Information, it is not possible to conclusively specify the location of all HWC underground assets, including pipes that contain or may contain hazardous materials.

ALL INFORMATION IS PROVIDED AS GENERAL GUIDANCE ONLY AND SHOULD NOT BE USED OR RELIED UPON IN SUBSTITUTION FOR SPECIALISED PROFESSIONAL INDEPENDENT ADVICE. YOU ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT YOUR USE OF THE INFORMATION IS AT YOUR OWN RISK.

If you have any questions or concerns about the appropriateness, reliability or application of any Information you must seek advice from a relevantly qualified professional. Further, dealing with hazardous materials is potentially dangerous, and you must always seek advice where the Information provides that HWC's assets contain or may contain hazardous materials.

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5. Limitation of liability

To the fullest extent permitted by law:

- (a) all conditions and guarantees concerning the Information (whether as to quality, outcome, fitness, care, skill or otherwise) expressed or implied by statute, common law, equity, trade, custom, usage or otherwise are expressly excluded and to the extent such conditions and guarantees cannot be excluded, HWC's liability is limited to either of the following (as nominated by HWC):
 - i. HWC supplying the Information to you again; or
 - ii. HWC paying you the cost of having the Information supplied to you again.
- (b) HWC is not responsible for and you release HWC from any actions, liabilities, losses, damages, costs, claims, expenses, injuries or other claims whatsoever (including loss of revenue, use, production, goodwill, profit, business, contract, anticipated savings, financing costs, increased operating costs or other purely financial, economic, special or indirect loss or damage) arising out of:
 - i. your access to or use of the Information;
 - ii. any delay in HWC providing you with Information;
 - iii. your reliance on the Information or its inability to meet your needs;
 - iv. your failure to correctly or accurately:
 - (1) submit relevant or valid data to BYDA; or
 - (2) use or interpret Information provided to you by HWC; or
 - v. any failure, interruption or corruption of any Information;

(c) you must indemnify HWC and its employees, agents and officers from and against all actions, liabilities, losses, damages, costs, claims, expenses, injuries and other claims arising out of or in connection with HWC providing you with incorrect or incomplete Information; and you assume all risk associated with your use of BYDA and HWC's websites and you release BYDA and HWC from and against all actions, liabilities, losses, damages, costs, claims, expenses, injuries or other claims which may arise in respect of such usage.







Overview Map

Sequence No: 248471647 106 Springfield Dr Lochinvar







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APPENDIX D SUBDIVISION STAGE PLAN



6.11.12 Scale: 1:2500 A3	Designe	d:KU	Project No	
HD176 r30			HD1	76
AMEND BASIN B	КU	04.01.22		
ADD LEAD IN SEWER	ки	27.10.21	Drawing No	Revision
AMEND LAYOUT	KU	21.06.22		30
Amendment	Drawn	Date		

PROPOSED BUS STOPS

STAGE	LOT No	YIELD
1A	100	1
1B	102-127	26
2a	201-226	26
2b	227-237	11
2c	239-266	28
3	301-325	25
4	401-432	32
5	501-528	28
6	601-625	25
7	701-731	31
8	801-822	22
9	901-926	26
10	1001-1002	2 + PARK
11	1101	1
12	1201-1210	10
TOTAL		294

ROPOSED

RETAINING WALL ON LO 513

OAD 17 /~----

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