



Project Address: 7 Martin Close, East Maitland

Client: Churches of Christ Community Care

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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

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Disclaimer

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The development, the subject of this report, is for the Green Hills aged care home to be located at 7 Martin Close East Maitland. The development consists of a four-storey residential aged care with associated parking and ancillary facilities for residents.

This report has been prepared, on behalf of Churches of Christ Community Care, to establish compliance to the Building Code of Australia and relevant Acts and Regulations of the planning development application documentation for the proposed works. Unless specifically noted this assessment and report deals with the proposed building works.

The following non-compliance's with the deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the BCA, in relation to the proposed building work, have been identified and are proposed to be dealt by justification against the performance requirements of the BCA in accordance with BCA Clause A2.2.

C1.9 & C1.14

The BCA requires building elements of Type A or B construction to be non-combustible, this includes elements on the external wall. The proposed drawings indicate that external walls are to be cladded.

Further information regarding the awning products and cladding products in particular 05 Timber Look cladding is required for assessment to determine the external wall and any attachments are deemed non-combustible.







NSW C2.5

The BCA requires smoke compartments in aged care building not to exceed 500m².

The following smoke compartments <u>exceed 500m² (highlight in red on the diagrams below):</u>

Ground Floor:

- 1. SC06 506.9m²
- 2. SC09 512.3m²
- 3. SC11 547.3m²





Level 1

- 4. SC12 532.9m²
- 5. SC16 547.5m²
- 6. SC17 500.5m²



Level 2

- 7. SC21 525.9m²
- 8. SC22 548.7m²



Performance justification is proposed.

Ancillary use areas containing equipment or materials that are a high potential fire hazard, must be separated from the sole-occupancy units by smoke proof walls complying with Specification C2.5.

The ancillary use areas referred to above include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (A) A kitchen and related food preparation areas having a combined floor area of more than 30 m2.
- (B) A laundry, where items of equipment are of the type that are potential fire sources (e.g. gas fire dryers).
- (C) Storage rooms greater than 10 m2 used predominantly for the storage of administrative records.

The following ancillary areas exceed the above floor area requirements and require smoke proof walls:

Ground floor

 Western double kitchen + servery 32m²

Level 1

2. Western double kitchen + servery 32m²

Level 2

 Western double kitchen + servery 35m²



Performance justification is proposed



D1.4

Generally, the exit travel distances throughout the building meet the requirements of this Clause, with the exception of the following areas:

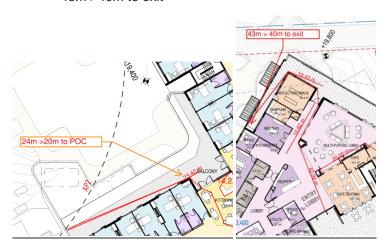
Ground Floor

Common balcony (South west wing)

• 24m > 20m to POC

Walkway to the rear of the Chaplain

43m >40m to exit



Level 2

Terrace

- 24m >20m to POC
- 54.2m > 40m to exit

Community room

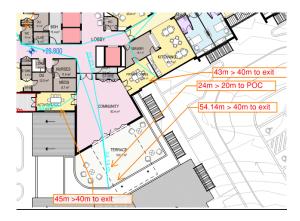
• 48m > 40m to exit

Private dinning (off community room)

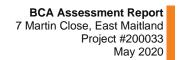
43m > 40m to exit

Activities room (off community room)

• 45m > 40m to exit



Performance justification is proposed





D1.5

The following exits are located more than 60m apart and are not in accordance with DtS provision:

Level 1

Northern exit

• 73m > 60m to alternate exit

Eastern exit

• 67m > 60m to alternate exit

Southern exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit

Western exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit

Level 2

Northern exit

• 74m > 60m to alternate exit

Southern exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit

Western exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit



Performance justification is proposed

External stairs are proposed in lieu of fire isolated stairs. The proposed drawings indicate the external stair is generally open at one end with attached louvres assumed to be for weather protection.

Architect to confirm the open area of the external stairs with the proposed louvre systems.

The BCA requires handrails to be provided in accordance with the provision of this Clause throughout the development.

Handrails have not been provided in the following areas:

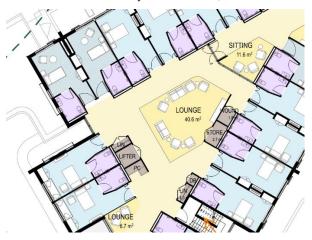
- 1. Lower ground (wellness area)
- 2. Ground level Residential areas
- 3. Level 2 Residential areas

D1.8

D2.17



- 4. External stairs in lieu of FIS
- 5. Common lobby on all levels;

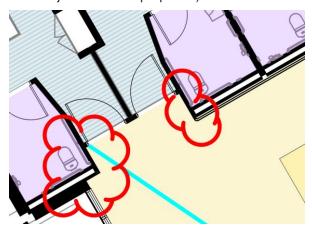


A design change is required.

The following areas have been provided with handrails however, the handrails are not strictly in accordance with DtS provisions:

Lower ground and level 1:

- 1. Handrails do not wrap around SOU sanitary facility to residential entrances within the ward areas; (A design change is required).
- 2. Handrails are not provided to both sides. (Performance justification is proposed)



Residents are generally provided with their own private facilities however the BCA requires the following:

- (i) For residents in each building or group of buildings, provide—
- (A) a closet pan and wash basin for each 6 residents or part thereof where private facilities are not provided; and
- (B) a shower for each 7 residents or part thereof for where private facilities are not provided; and
- (C) a suitable bath, fixed or mobile

The proposed design does not provide a common fixed or mobile bath is required.

A design change is required.



F4.8

The BCA restricts sanitary compartments from opening directly into a kitchen or pantry or a public dining room.

The following sanitary compartments do not comply with the provisions of this Clause:

Lower ground floor

1. ACC WC/Shower in Dinning (day respite)

Ground Floor

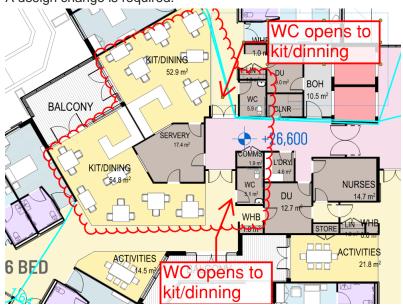
- 2. WC southern wing opposite Kit/dinning
- 3. WC western wing opposite Kit/dinning

Level 1

- 4. WC southern wing opposite Kit/dinning
- 5. WC western wing opposite Kit/dinning

Level 2

6. WC - western wing opposite Kit/dinning A design change is required.





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2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. General

This report serves as an assessment for compliance with the Building Code of Australia for the construction of a new residential aged care building that will be situated 7 Martin Close East Maitland. The building consists of four levels of residential aged care with associated lower ground carpark and ancillary areas for the use of residents, staff and visiting patrons.

2.2. Purpose of Report

This report has been prepared, on behalf of Churches of Christ Community Care, to establish compliance to the Building Code of Australia and relevant Acts and Regulations of the development application documentation for the proposed works.

2.3. Report Basis

The following information has been directly referenced or relied upon in the preparation of this report:

- (a) Architectural plans prepared by Calder Flower Architects, as identified in the attached Appendix 1.
- (b) The Building Code of Australia 2019, inclusive of NSW variations (See Note 1).
- (c) Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.
- (d) Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

Note1: Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2019 was adopted in NSW on 1 May 2019. The amendment of the BCA in force at the date of lodgement of a Construction Certificate is the version called up by Clause 98 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000 for the purpose of the building design. Therefore, comments may be subject to changes to comply with updated versions of the Building Code of Australia.

2.4. Exclusions and Limitations

This report does not consider the following, except where specifically mentioned:

- Structural design.
- The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (access for people with disabilities has been assessed in accordance with Part D3 of the BCA, however additional measures may be required to be provided subject to the Disability Discrimination Act 1992)
- Disability (Access to Premises Building) Standards 2010.



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3. BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA ASSESSMENT

3.1. Classification (Part A6)

The proposed building consists of:

Class	Use	Area
9c	Residential Aged Care Facility + ancillary facilities	Part Lower Ground, Ground, Level 1, Level 2.
7a	Carparking	Part Lower Ground

3.2. Effective Height (Schedule 3)

The proposed building will have an effective height is 9.8m. (RL 29.80 - 20.00 = 9.8m)

3.3. Rise in Storeys (C1.2)

The proposed building will consist of a rise in storeys of four (4).

3.4. Type of Construction (C1.1)

Type A construction in accordance with Specification C1.1 of the BCA, is the applicable type of construction.



4. BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA ASSESSMENT

4.1. Structure (BCA Section B)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
B1.1	Resistance to actions	The resistance of the building must be greater than the most critical action effects resulting from different combinations of actions in accordance with this clause. The structural design is to be completed by a Structural Engineer to meet the requirements of this provision.	Capable of Complying
B1.2	Determination of individual actions	The magnitude of individual actions must be determined in accordance with this clause. The structural design is to be completed by a Structural Engineer to meet the requirements of this provision.	Capable of Complying
B1.4	Determination of structural resistance of materials & forms of construction	The structural resistance of the following materials and forms of construction for the following elements are to be in accordance with the standards nominated in this clause; (a) Masonry (b) Concrete (c) Steel construction (d) Composite steel and concrete (e) Aluminium construction (f) Timber construction (g) Piling (h) Glazing assemblies (i) Termite risk management (j) Roof construction (k) Particleboard structural flooring (l) Garage doors (m) Lift shafts The structural design is to be completed by a Structural Engineer to meet the requirements of this provision.	Capable of Complying
B1.5	Structural Software	Structural software used in computer aided design is to comply with the requirements of this provision.	Capable of Complying
B1.6	Construction of buildings in flood hazard areas	A Class 2, 3, 4, 9a or 9c building is required to comply with the ABCB standards for Construction of Buildings in Flood Hazard Areas, if within a flood planning area. A review of the Department of Planning's Planning Portal indicates that the subject side is not within a flood Planning area	N/A



4.2. Fire Resistance (BCA Section C)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
C1.1	Type of construction required	The type of fire resisting construction applicable is Type A construction.	Capable of Complying
C1.2	Calculation in rise in storeys	The building contains a rise in storeys of four (4).	Capable of Complying
C1.8	Lightweight construction	Any proposed fire resisting lightweight walls or fire resisting lightweight protection to steel columns is to comply with Specification C1.8.	Capable of Complying
C1.9	Non-combustible building elements	 In a building required to be Type A or B construction, the following building elements and their components must be non-combustible: (a) External walls and common walls, including all components incorporated in them including the façade covering, framing and insulation. (b) The flooring and floor framing of lift pits. (c) Non-loadbearing internal walls where they are required to be fire-resisting. A shaft, being a lift, ventilating, pipe, garbage, or similar shaft that is not for the discharge of hot products of combustion, that is non-loadbearing, must be of noncombustible construction in A building required to be Type A construction; and A loadbearing internal wall and loadbearing fire wall, including those that are part of a loadbearing shaft, must comply with Specification C1.1. The requirements of (1) and (2) do not apply to gaskets, caulking, sealants, termite management systems, glass, thermal breaks associated with glazing systems & dampproof courses. The following materials may be used wherever a non-combustible material is required: (a) Plasterboard. (b) Perforated gypsum lath with a normal paper finish. (c) Fibrous-plaster sheet. (d) Fire-reinforced cement sheeting. (e) Pre-finished metal sheeting having a combustible surface finish not exceeding 1mm thickness and where 	TBA – Architect to confirm intent to comply



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		the Spread-of-Flame Index of the product is not greater than 0. (f) Sarking that does not exceed 1 mm thickness and have a flammability index of not greater than 5. (g) Bonded lamination materials where — (i) Each lamina, including any core, is non-combustible; and (ii) Each adhesive layer does not exceed 1mm in thickness and the total thickness of the adhesive layers does not exceed 2mm; and (iii) The Spread of Flame Index and the Smoke-Developed Index of the bonded laminated materials as a whole do not exceed 0 and 3 respectively.	
C1.10	Fire hazard properties	Proposed internal linings, materials and assemblies are to be selected to comply with the required fire hazard properties of Specification C1.10.	Capable of Complying
C1.14	Ancillary Elements	An ancillary element must not be fixed, installed or attached to the internal parts or external face of an external wall that is required to be noncombustible unless it is one of the following: 1. An ancillary element that is noncombustible. 2. A gutter, downpipe or other plumbing fixture or fitting. 3. A flashing. 4. A grate or grille not more than 2m² in area associated with a building service. 5. An electrical switch, socket-outlet, cover plate or the like. 6. A light fitting. 7. A required sign. 8. A sign other than one provided under (1) or (7) that- (a) Achieves a ground number of 1 or 2; and (b) Does not extend beyond one storey; and (c) Does not extend beyond one fire compartment; and (d) Is separated vertically from other signs permitted under (8) by at least 2 storeys. 9. An awning, sunshade, canopy, blind or shading hood other than one provided under (1) that —	TBA – Architect to confirm intent to comply including details of shade awning.



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		 (a) Meets the requirements of Table 4 of Specification C1.10 as for an internal element; and (b) Serves a storey – (i) At ground level; or (ii) Immediately above a storey at ground level; and (iii) Does not serve an exit, where it would render the exit unusable in a fire. 10.A part of a security, intercom or announcement system. 11.Wiring. 12.A paint, lacquer or a similar finish. 13.A gasket, caulking, sealant or adhesive directly associated with (1) to (11). 	
C2.2	General floor area and volume limitations	The following maximum fire compartmentation floor area and volume limitations apply: Class 9c Maximum Floor Area 8 000m2 Maximum Volume 48 000m3 The building complies with the general floor area and volume limitations identified by this clause. The building is proposed to be divided into three fire compartments based on the proposed drawings: 1. Lower Ground floor; 2. Ground floor & Level 1; and 3. Level 2.	Capable of Complying
NSW C2.5	Class 9a and 9c buildings	A Class 9c building must comply with the following: (i) As required under Clause C2.5 the building must be separated by smoke proof walls complying with Specification C2.5 into smoke compartments no greater than 500m2. The following smoke compartments exceed 500m2: Ground Floor: 1. SC06 506.9m² 2. SC09 512.3m² 3. SC11 547.3m² Level 1	Performance Solution/TBA – Architect to confirm Laundry equipment



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		4. SC12 532.9m ² 5. SC16 547.5m ² 6. SC17 500.5m ² Level 2 7. SC21 525.9m ² 8. SC22 548.7m ²	
		 (ii) A fire compartment must be separated from the remainder of the building by fire walls and notwithstanding C2.7 and Specification C1.1, floors with an FRL of not less than 60/60/60. 	
		In the accordance with the above the carpark is to be fire separated from remainder of building by 1 hr fire wall. (iii) Except for walls provided in accordance	
		with (b)(i) and (ii), non-loadbearing internal walls, and if a building is of Type C construction — all internal walls, between and bounding sole-occupancy units and bounding a public corridor in a resident use area must:	
		(A) be lined on each side with standard grade plasterboard not less than 13 mm thick or a material with at least an equivalent level of fire protection; and	
		(B) if provided with cavity insulation, contain only non-combustible insulation; and	
		(C) extend to the underside of—	
		(aa) the floor next above; or	
		(bb) a ceiling lined with standard grade plasterboard not less than 13 mm thick or an equivalent noncombustible material; or	
		(cc) a non-combustible roof covering; and	
		(D) not incorporate any penetrations above door head height unless the penetrations are adequately stopped to prevent the free passage of smoke; and	
		(E) be smoke sealed with intumescent putty or other suitable material at any construction joint, space or the like	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		between the top of the wall and the floor, ceiling or roof.	
		(iv) Loadbearing internal walls must comply with the requirements of Specification C1.1 and (iii)(B), (C), (D) and (E) above.	
		(v) Ancillary use areas containing equipment or materials that are a high potential fire hazard, must be separated from the sole- occupancy units by smoke proof walls complying with Specification C2.5.	
		(vi) The ancillary use areas referred to in (v) include, but are not limited to, the following:	
		(A) A kitchen and related food preparation areas having a combined floor area of more than 30 m2.	
		(B) A laundry, where items of equipment are of the type that are potential fire sources (e.g. gas fire dryers).	
		(C) Storage rooms greater than 10 m2 used predominantly for the storage of administrative records.	
		The following ancillary areas exceed the above floor area requirements and require smoke proof walls:	
		Ground floor	
		4. Western double kitchen + servery 32m ²	
		Level 1	
		5. Western double kitchen + servery 32m ²	
		Level 2	
		6. Western double kitchen + servery 35m ²	
		Performance justification is proposed	
		(vii) Openings in fire walls must be protected as follows:	
		(A) Doorways — self-closing or automatic closing –/60/30 fire doors.	
		(B) Windows — automatic or permanently fixed closed –/60/– fire windows or –/60/– automatic fire shutters.	
		(C) Other openings — construction having an FRL not less than -/60/	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
C2.6	Vertical separation of openings in external walls	The building is required to be protected with sprinklers throughout and therefore vertical separation is not required.	N/A
C2.7	Separation by fire walls	A fire wall is proposed to separate the carpark from the remainder of the Lower Ground Floor in accordance with NSW C2.5(b)(ii).	Capable of Complying
C2.8	Separation of classifications in the same storey	Refer to C2.7 above	Capable of Complying
C2.9	Separation of classifications in different stories	The floors between parts of different classifications must have an FRL of not less than that prescribed in Specification C1.1 for the classification of the lower storey.	Capable of Complying
C2.10	Separation of lift shafts	The lift shafts are required to be fire separated from the rest of the building in accordance with this clause by the way of a shaft having an FRL of no less than 120/120/120.	Capable of Complying
C2.11	Stairways and lifts in one shaft	No stairways and lifts in the same shaft	Complies
C2.12	Separation of equipment	The following equipment are required to be fire separated from the remainder of the building by 120/120/120 FRL construction: Lift motor rooms and lift control panels. Emergency Generators. Central smoke control plant. Boilers. Battery systems. The building does not contain any of the above room and the requirements of this provision do not apply.	Note
C2.13	Electricity supply system	Where an electricity substation is required to provided, it must be fire separated from the remainder of the building. The BCA requires 2 hr separation however the electricity authority generally requires 3 hr separation. Any main switchboard located in the building which sustains emergency equipment operating in emergency mode, is required to be fire separated from the remainder of the building by 2 hr fire resisting construction. Construction should achieve an FRL of 120/120/120, doorways are required achieve	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		an FRL of -/120/30 and to be self-closing and all penetrations in enclosures are to be appropriately fire stopped.	
		All switchboards in the electrical distribution system, which sustain the electricity supply to the emergency equipment, must provide full segregation by way of enclosed metal partitions designed to prevent the spread of any fault from non-emergency equipment switchgear to the emergency equipment switchgear.	
		Electrical conductors and switchboards are required to comply with this clause.	
C3.2	Protection of openings in external walls	Openings are located more than 3m from the allotment boundary.	N/A
C3.3	Separation of external walls and associated openings in different fire compartments	Separation of the carpark from the remainder of the Lower Ground Floor (LGF) is required to comply.	Capable of complying
C3.5	Doorways in fire walls	The doors in the fire wall separating the carpark from the remainder of the LGF are to be -/60/30 fire doors.	Capable of complying
C3.6	Sliding fire doors	Sliding doors in fire walls are not proposed.	N/A
C3.7	Protection of doorways in horizontal exits	Horizontal exits are not proposed.	N/A
C3.8	Openings in fire isolated exits	No fire isolated exits proposed.	Note
C3.10	Fire isolated lift shafts	The lift doors are required to be -/60/- fire doors and comply with this provision. A lift call panel, indicator panel or other panel in the wall of a fire-isolated lift shaft must be backed by construction having an FRL of not less than -/60/60 if it exceeds 35 000 mm² in area.	Capable of Complying
C3.12	Openings in floors and ceilings for services.	Fire separation between floors is required to be maintained where services penetrate though floors unless the services are located in fire rated shafts.	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
C3.15	Openings for service installations	Services that penetrate a building element that is required to have an FRL must be protected utilising one of the options listed under this clause.	Capable of Complying
C3.16	Construction joints	Construction joints in building elements required to be fire resistant are required to be protected in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
C3.17	Columns protected with lightweight construction to achieve an FRL	Any columns protected with fire resisting lightweight construction to achieve an FRL must be installed in a manner that's identical to the tested prototype.	Capable of Complying

4.3. Fire-Resisting Construction (Specification C1.1)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
2.1	Exposure to fire source features	Exposure to fire source features is to eb determine in accordance with this cause.	Note
2.2	Fire protection for support of another part	When determining FRL's applicable to a particular building element, the requirements of this clause are required to be complied with.	Capable of Complying
2.3	Lintels	Lintels are to be protected as required by the requirements of this clause.	Capable of Complying
2.4	Method of attachment not to reduce the fire resistance of building elements	The method of attaching or installing a finish, lining, ancillary element or service installation to the building element must not reduce the fire-resistance of that element to below that required.	Capable of Complying
2.5	General concessions	Roof top plant rooms need not have an FRL if they are non-combustible and they only contain equipment specified in this clause.	Note
2.7	Enclosure of shafts	Fire rated shafts are to be enclosed at the top and bottom in accordance with the requirements of this clause.	Capable of Complying
3.1	Fire resistance of building elements	Generally building elements are required to achieve the following FRL's; Carpark: 2 hrs Aged care: 2 hrs A loadbearing internal wall and a loadbearing fire wall must be of concrete or masonry.	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
3.5	Roof: Concession	The roof is not required to achieve an FRL as the building has a sprinkler system (other than a FPAA101D or FPAA101H system) complying with Specification E1.5 installed throughout;	Capable of Complying
3.6	Roof lights	At this stage no rooflights proposed	N/A
3.7	Internal wall and column: concession	Internal columns, internal walls (other than fire walls and shaft wall) immediately below the roof are permitted to achieve an FRL of 60/60/60. This concession does not apply to internal columns within 1.5m from the external windows.	N/A

4.4. Smoke-Proof Walls in Health-Care and Aged Care Buildings (Specification C2.5)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
1	Scope	This Specification sets out requirements for the construction of smoke-proof walls in Class 9a health-care buildings and Class 9c buildings.	Note
3	Class 9c buildings	Smoke-proof walls required by C2.5 in Class 9c buildings must comply with the following: (a) The wall may be lined on one side only. (b) Linings on the wall must be non-combustible and extend to the underside of— (i) the floor above; or (ii) a non-combustible roof covering; or (iii) a flush plasterboard ceiling lined with 13 mm standard grade plasterboard or a fire-protective covering, with all penetrations sealed against the free passage of smoke. (c) If plasterboard is used in the lining on a wall, it must be a minimum of 13 mm standard grade plasterboard. (d) Not incorporate any glazed areas unless the glass is safety glass as defined in AS 1288. The glazing to the void area located on the northern wing between ground and level 1 is required to comply with the above clause.	Capable of Complying



		(e) Only have doorways which are fitted with smoke doors complying with Specification C3.4.	
		(f) Have all openings around penetrations and the junctions of the smoke-proof wall and the remainder of the building stopped with non- combustible material to prevent the free passage of smoke.	
		(g) Incorporate smoke dampers where air- handling ducts penetrate the wall unless the duct forms part of a smoke hazard management system required to continue air movement through the duct during a fire.	
4	Doorways in smoke- proof walls	A door required by C2.5 or this Specification to be smoke-proof or have an FRL, other than one that serves a fire compartment provided with a zone smoke control system in accordance with AS/NZS 1668.1, must provide a smoke reservoir by not extending within 400 mm of the underside of—	Capable of Complying
		(a) a roof covering; or	
		(b) the floor above; or	
		(c) an imperforate false ceiling that will prevent the free passage of smoke	

4.5. Access and Egress (BCA Section D)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
D1.2	Number of exits required	As required under this Clause for a Class 9c building, each level of the building is provided with at least two (2) exits.	Capable of Complying
D1.3	When fire isolated exits are required	External stairways in lieu of fire isolated exits have been provided. Please refer to Clause D1.8 below.	Note
D1.4	Exit travel distances	Class 7a and 9 parts - No point on a floor must be more than 20 m from an exit, or a point from which travel in different directions to 2 exits is available, in which case the maximum distance to one of those exits must not exceed 40m.	Performance Solution
		The exit travel distances in the following areas exceed DtS provisions:	
		Ground Floor	
		Common balcony (South west wing)	
		• 24m > 20m to POC	
		Walkway to the rear of the Chaplain	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		• 43m >40m to exit	
		Level 2	
		Terrace	
		• 24m >20m to POC	
		• 54.2m > 40m to exit	
		Community room	
		• 48m > 40m to exit	
		Private dinning (off community room)	
		• 43m > 40m to exit	
		Activities room (off community room)	
		• 45m > 40m to exit	
		Performance justification is proposed	
D1.5	Distance between alternative exits	Alternative exits must be distributed uniformly around the storey and not be less than 9m apart, located so that the alternative paths of travel do not converge such that they become less than 6m apart and not be more than 60m apart in accordance with NCC clause D1.5	Performance Solution
		The following exits are located more than 60m apart and are not in accordance with DtS provision:	
		Level 1	
		Northern exit	
		73m > 60m to alternate exit	
		Eastern exit	
		67m > 60m to alternate exit	
		Southern exit	
		64m > 60m to alternate exit	
		Western exit	
		64m > 60m to alternate exit	
		Level 2	
		Northern exit	
		• 74m > 60m to alternate exit	
		Southern exit	
		64m > 60m to alternate exit	
		Western exit	
		64m > 60m to alternate exit	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		Performance justification is proposed	
NSW D1.6	Dimensions of exits and paths of travel to exits	A required exit or path of travel to an exit are required to be a minimum unobstructed height of not less than 2m and minimum width of 1m and in a public corridor in a Class 9c aged care building, notwithstanding (c) and (d)—	Capable of Complying
		(A) 1.5 m; and	
		(B) 1.8 m for the full width of the doorway, providing access into a sole- occupancy unit or communal bathroom;	
		The unobstructed width of a doorway must be not less than:	
		(iv) in a Class 9c building—	
		(A) 1070 mm where it opens from a public corridor to a sole-occupancy unit; or	
		(B) 870 mm in other resident use areas; or	
		(C) 800 mm in non-resident use areas, and where the doorway is fitted with two leaves and one leaf is secured in the closed position in accordance with D2.21(b)(v), the other leaf must permit an unobstructed opening not less than 870 mm wide in resident use areas and 800 mm wide in non-resident use areas; or	
		(v) in any other case except where it opens to a sanitary compartment or bathroom — 750 mm wide;	
D1.7	Travel via fire isolated exits	External stairs in lieu of Fire isolated stairs are proposed.	Capable of complying
		In regards to occupant safe travel Clause D1.7(c) applies where a path of travel from the point of discharge of a fire-isolated exit necessitates passing within 6 m of any part of an external wall of the same building, measured horizontally at right angles to the path of travel, that part of the wall must have—	
		(i) an FRL of not less than 60/60/60; and	
		(ii) any openings protected internally in accordance with C3.4, for a distance of 3 m above or below, as appropriate, the level of the path of travel, or for the height of the wall, whichever is the lesser.	
D1.8	External Stairs or ramps in lieu of Fire-isolated exits	External stairs are proposed in lieu of fire isolated stairs. The proposed drawings indicate	Further information required –



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
Olado		the external stair is open at one end and covered by louvres assumed to be for weather protection.	Architect to confirm the open
		The external stairs are required to comply with the provisions of this Clause being:	area of the external stairs with the proposed louvre systems.
		(a) An external stairway or ramp may serve as a required exit in lieu of a fire-isolated exit serving a storey below an effective height of 25 m, if the stairway or ramp is—	
		(i) non-combustible throughout; and	
		(ii) protected in accordance with (c) if it is within 6 m of, and exposed to any part of the external wall of the building it serves.	
		(b) For the purposes of this clause—	
		(i) exposure under (a)(ii), is measured in accordance with Clause 2.1 of Specification C1.1, as if the exit was a building element and the external wall of the building was a firesource feature to the exit, except that the FRL required in Clause 2.1(a)(i) must not be less than 60/60/60; and	
		(ii) the plane formed at the construction edge or perimeter of an unenclosed building or part such as an open-deck carpark, open spectator stand or the like, is deemed to be an external wall; and	
		(iii) openings in an external wall and openings under (c) and (d), are determined in accordance with C3.1.	
		(c) The protection referred to in (a)(ii), must adequately protect occupants using the exit from exposure to a fire within the building, in accordance with one of the following methods:	
		(i) The part of the external wall of the building to which the exit is exposed must have—	
		(A) an FRL of not less than 60/60/60; and	
		(B) no openings less than 3 m from the exit (except a doorway serving the exit protected by a -/60/30 fire door in accordance with C3.8(a)); and	
		(C) any opening 3 m or more but less than 6 m from the exit, protected in accordance with C3.4 and if wall wetting sprinklers are used, they are located internally.	
		(ii) The exit must be protected from—	
		(A) any part of the external wall of the building having an FRL of less than 60/60/60; and	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		(B) any openings in the external wall, by the construction of a wall, roof, floor or other shielding element as appropriate in accordance with (d).	
		(d) The wall, roof, floor or other shielding element required by (c)(ii) must—	
		(i) have an FRL of not less than 60/60/60; and	
		(ii) have no openings less than 3 m from the external wall of the building (except a doorway serving the exit protected by a – /60/30 fire door in accordance with C3.8(a)); and	
		(iii) have any opening 3 m or more but less than 6 m from any part of the external wall of the building protected in accordance with C3.4 and if wall wetting sprinklers are used, they are located on the side exposed to the external wall.	
D1.9	Travel via non- fire-isolated stairways or ramps	No non-fire isolated stairways within the development.	N/A
D1.10	Discharge from exits	The exits must not be blocked at the point of discharge and where necessary, suitable barriers must be provided to prevent vehicles from blocking the exit.	Capable of Complying
		If a required exit leads to open space, the path of travel to the road must have an unobstructed width of not less than 1m. min width of required exit if greater.	
		If an exit discharges to open space that is at a different level that the public road to which it is connected, the path of travel to the road must be by a ramp or other incline not steeper than 1:8, or a BCA compliant stairway.	
		The discharge points of alternative exits must be as far apart as practical	
D1.11	Horizontal exits	Horizontal exits are not proposed.	N/A
D1.12	Non-required stairways, ramps or escalators	Non-required stairways, ramps or travellators are not proposed.	N/A
D1.13	Number of persons accommodated	Based on drawings and the information provided by the architect. The building the population numbers are as follows:	Note



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		 45 staff including Care/Admin/Maintenance/Ancillary 168 residents 	
D1.16	Plant rooms and lift rooms: concession	A ladder may be used in lieu of a stairway to provide egress from a plant room with a floor area less than 100m ² or plant or lift machine rooms with a floor area of less than 200 m ² , for all but one point of egress. Ladders are required to comply with AS1657 and	Note
		the requirement of this clause.	
D1.17	Access to lift pits	Access to lift pipes is to be in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
D2.2	Fire-isolated stairways and ramps	The external stairs are to be non-combustible.	Capable of Complying
D2.4	Separation of rising and descending stair flights	No rising and descending stairs.	N/A
D2.7	Installation in exits and paths of travel	Access to service shafts and services other than to firefighting or detection equipment as permitted in the Deemed-to-Satisfy provisions of Section E, must not be provided from a fire-isolated stairway, fire-isolated passageway or fire-isolated ramp.	Capable of Complying
		Gas or other fuel services must not be installed in a required exit.	
		Electrical or telecommunications cupboards opening onto a corridor or the like must be of non-combustible construction and smoke sealed from the corridor (including metal lining to inside face of door and smoke seals to door).	
		Only electrical wiring associated with services specified in the clause, are permitted to be installed in a fire isolated exit.	
D2.8	Enclosure of space under stairs and ramps	No enclosures of space under stairs or ramps are proposed.	Complies
D2.9	Width of stairways	No stairs greater than 2m in width proposed.	N/A
D2.10	Pedestrian ramps	A ramp must:	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		 where the ramp is also serving as an accessible ramp under Part D3, be in accordance with AS1428.1; or in any other case, have a gradient not steeper than 1:8. The floor surface of a ramp must have a slipresistance classification not less than that listed in Table D2.14 when tested in accordance with AS4586. 	
D2.11	Fire-isolated passageways	There are no fire isolated passageways	N/A
D2.12	Roof as open space	The roof over the carpark is deemed to be roof as open space. An exit is provided that discharges to the roof. The roof is required to have an FRL of not less	Performance Solution
		than 120/120/120; and not have any roof lights or other openings within 3 m of the path of travel of persons using the exit to reach a road or open space.	
		The proposed ground level drawings indicate a number of openings along the south east wings that are scaled to measure between 1 to 1.4m in lieu of a the minimum 3m.	
NSW	Coingo & ricoro	Performance justification is proposed. Goings and risers are to be designed to comply	Capable of
D2.13	Goings & risers	with this clause including: going and riser dimensions; and slip resistance.	Complying
D2.14	Landings	Landings are to be designed in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
NSW D2.15	Thresholds	Thresholds are to comply with this clause. In a Class 9c building, the threshold of a doorway must not incorporate a step or ramp at any point closer to the doorway than the width of the door leaf unless a ramp is provided with a maximum gradient of 1:8 for a maximum height of 25 mm over the threshold.	Capable of Complying
NSW D2.16	Barriers to prevent falls	Balustrades are to be designed to comply with this clause.	Capable of Complying
D2.17	Handrails	Handrails are required along at least one side of all stairways or ramps, or on both sides of stairs or ramps with a total width of more than 2m.	Design change and Performance Solution



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		Handrails are required to be installed in accordance with AS1428.1-2009 except for fire-isolated stairs.	
		As this building is a Class 9c aged care building it must be provided with handrails along both sides of every passageway or corridor used by residents, and must be—	
		(A) fixed not less than 50 mm clear of the wall; and	
		(B) where practicable, continuous for their full length	
		Handrails have not been provided in the following areas:	
		 Lower ground (wellness area) Ground level – Residential areas Level 2 – Residential areas External stairs in lieu of FIS Common lobby on all levels; 	
		A design change is required.	
		The following areas have been provided with handrails however, the handrails are not strictly in accordance with DtS provisions:	
		Lower ground and level 1:	
		 Handrails do not wrap around SOU sanitary facility to residential entrances within the ward areas; (A design change is required). Handrails are not provided to both sides. (Performance justification is proposed) 	
D2.18	Fixed platforms, walkways, stairways & ladders	Fixed platforms, walkways, stairways & ladders are to be designed in accordance with this clause.	Note
NSW D2.19	Doorways and doors	The sliding doors leading directly to the road or open space must be capable of being opened manually under a force of not more than 110 N.	Capable of Complying
		Power-operated doorway required to be opened manually under a force of not more than 110 N and open automatically if it leads directly to a road or open space.	
		As required under this Clause the "resident use areas" are not to be fitted with sliding fire doors, sliding smoke doors, revolving door, roller shutter or tilt up doors.	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
D2.20	Swinging doors	A swinging door must not encroach and impede the path of travel/exit width by more than 500mm at any part of it swing. When in the fully open position, it must not encroach into the path of travel/exit width by more than or 100mm. Doors in or serving as a required exit must swing in the direction of egress unless they are subject to the concession in this clause.	Capable of Complying
NSW D2.21	Operation of latch	Doors in required exits or forming part of a required exits must be readily openable without a key from the egress side, by a single hand downward action on a single device which is located between 900mm and 1.1m from the floor and comply with the requirements of this clause. The above requirements do not apply to a door that — are fitted with a fail-safe device which automatically unlocks the door upon the activation of an AS 1670.1 detection system installed throughout the building. In regards to this building is one leaf of a two-leaf door complying with D1.6 (f) (i) or D1.6 (f) (iv) provided that is not held closed by a locking mechanism and is readily openable and the door is not required to be a fire door or smoke door	Capable of Complying
D2.23	Signs on doors	A sign, to alert persons that the operation of certain doors must not be impaired, must be installed where it can readily be seen on, or adjacent to exit door and smoke doors, in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
Part D3 – Access for People with a Disability			
No access assessment included within this report. See third party access report.			

4.6. Services and Equipment (BCA Section E)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment & Comment	Status
E1.3	Fire hydrants	A fire hydrant system must be provided in accordance with this clause to serve the whole building and must also be installed in accordance with AS 2419.1. Where internal hydrants are provided, they must only serve the storey in which they are located.	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment & Comment	Status
		The pump room is located on lower ground floor.	
		The proposed fire hydrant booster is located on ground floor at the front driveway entrance off Martin Close. The booster is located greater than 10m from the proposed kiosk substation.	
		This item is to be further assessed at CC stage of development.	
E1.4	Fire hose reels	Fire hose reels installed in accordance with AS2441 are required to serve to the lower ground carparking area only. The hose reel system must be installed in accordance with this clause and AS 2441.	Capable of Complying
		This item is to be further assessed at CC stage of development.	
E1.5	Sprinklers	All parts of the building are required to be served by an automatic sprinkler system + monitored stop valve in accordance with AS2118.1 and be permanently connected to an approved monitoring system to a fire dispatch centre and must comply with Specification E1.5. It is assumed that the sprinkler valves will be located in the pump room on the lower ground floor. This item is to be further assessed at CC stage of development.	Capable of Complying
E1.6	Portable fire extinguishers	Portable fire extinguishers are to comply with this provision and sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of AS 2444.	Capable of Complying
E1.8	Fire control centres	A fire control centre is not required.	N/A
E1.9	Fire precautions during construction	In a building under construction not less than one fire extinguisher to suit Class A, B and C fires and electrical fires must be provided at all times on each storey adjacent to each required exit or temporary stairway or exit.	Note
E1.10	Provision for special hazards	No special hazards have been identified.	N/A
E2.2	General requirements	The following smoke hazard management measures are required in accordance with this clause:	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment & Comment	Status
		 (a) an automatic smoke detection and alarm system complying with Specification E2.2a; and (b) automatic shutdown of any air-handling system which does not form part of a zone pressurisation system (other than individual room units with a capacity not more than 1000 L/s, systems serving critical treatment areas and miscellaneous exhaust air systems installed in accordance with Sections 5 and 6 of AS 1668.1) on the activation of— (i) smoke detectors installed in accordance with (a); and (ii) any other installed fire detection and alarm system including a sprinkler system complying with Specification E1.5; In a Class 9c building— 	
		 (i) remote automatic indication of each zone must be given in each smoke compartment by means of— (A) mimic panels with an illuminated display; or (B) annunciator panels with alpha numeric display; and (ii) if the building accommodates more than 20 residents, manual call points must be installed in paths of travel so that no point on a floor is more than 30 m from a manual call point. In a Class 7a - A Class 7a building, including a basement, provided with a mechanical ventilation system in accordance with AS 1668.2 must comply 	
		with clause 5.5 of AS 1668.1 except that— (a) fans with metal blades suitable for operation at normal temperature may be used; and (b) the electrical power and control cabling need not be fire rated.	
E2.3	Provision for special hazards	N/A	N/A



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment & Comment	Status
E3.1	Lift installations	An electric passenger lift installation and an electrohydraulic passenger lift installation must comply with Specification E3.1.	Capable of Complying
E3.2	Stretcher facility in lifts	E3.8 requires at least one lift is required to accommodate a stretcher, in accordance with E3.2(b). The lift must accommodate a raised stretcher with a patient lying on it horizontally by providing a clear space not less than 600 mm wide x 2000 mm long x 1400 mm high above the floor level.	Capable of Complying
E3.3	Warning against use of lifts in fire	Warning signs must be displayed near every lift call button in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
E3.4	Emergency lifts	No emergency lifts required.	N/A
E3.5	Landings	Access and egress to and from lift well landings must comply with the DTS provision of Section D	Capable of Complying
E3.6	Passenger lifts	The lifts are required to be of a type and have features for people with disabilities as required by this clause.	Capable of Complying
E3.7	Fire service controls	No fire service controls are required given the effective height is less than 12m.	N/A
E3.8	Aged care buildings	At least one lift is required to accommodate a stretcher, in accordance with E3.2(b).	Capable of Complying
E4.2 to E4.4	Emergency lighting requirements	Emergency lighting must be provided in accordance with these clauses. Emergency lighting is required to comply with AS2293.1-2005.	Capable of Complying
E4.5 to E4.8	Exit signs	Exit signage must be provided in accordance with this clause. Exit signage is required to comply with AS2293.1-2005 and be clearly visible at all times.	Capable of Complying
E4.9	Emergency warning and intercom systems	As the building does not have an effective height that exceeds 25m the provisions of this Clause do not apply.	N/A



4.7. Health and Amenity (BCA Section F)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
F1.0	Deem to satisfy provisions	Performance requirement FP1.4, for the prevention of the penetration of water through external walls, is required to be complied with.	Capable of Complying
F1.1	Stormwater drainage	Stormwater drainage is required to be designed to comply with AS/NZS 3500.3-2015.	Capable of Complying
F1.4	External above ground membranes	Waterproofing membranes for external above ground use must comply with AS 4654.1-2012 & AS 4654.2-2012	Capable of Complying
F1.5	Roof coverings	Lightweight metal roof sheeting is to comply with AS1562.1.	Capable of Complying
F1.6	Sarking	Sarking-type materials used for weatherproofing of roofs and walls are required to comply with AS/NZS 4200 Parts 1 and 2.	Capable of Complying
F1.7	Waterproofing of wet areas in buildings	Waterproofing of wet areas are required to comply with this clause 76 AS 3740.	Capable of Complying
F1.9	Damp-proofing	Damp proofing is required to be provided in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
F1.10	Damp-proofing of floor on ground	Damp proofing is required to be provided in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
F1.13	Glazed assemblies	Glazed assemblies to comply with AS 2047 as applicable.	Capable of Complying
F2.1	Facilities in residential buildings	Residents within the building are provided with their own private facilities. A common fixed or mobile bath is required.	Does not comply
		In addition to the facilities required by (e)(i), provide— (A) one kitchen or other adequate facility for the preparation and cooking or reheating of food including a kitchen sink and washbasin; and (B) laundry facilities for the cleansing and drying of linen and clothing or adequate facilities for holding and dispatch or treatment of soiled linen and clothing and the like and the receipt and storage of clean linen; and (C) one clinical hand washing basin for each 16 residents or part thereof.	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
F2.3	Facilities in Class 3 to 9 buildings	Number of sanitary facilities are adequate with the assumption that staff on all levels are to utilise the facilities located at BOH on lower ground floor. Adequate means of disposal of sanitary products must be provided in sanitary facilities for use by females.	Capable of Complying
F2.4	Facilities for people with disabilities	No access assessment included within this report.	Refer to Access Report by others
F2.5	Construction of sanitary compartments	The construction of sanitary compartments is required to comply with this requirement.	Capable of Complying
F2.6	Interpretation: Urinals and washbasins	A urinal may be - an individual stall or wall-hung urinal; or each 600mm length of a continuous urinal trough, or a closet pan used in place of a urinal. A washbasin may be an individual basin or a part of a hand washing trough served by a single water tap.	Note
F2.8	Waste management	In this building, the following facilities must be provided for every 60 beds or part thereof on each storey containing resident use areas: (i) one slop-hopper or the other device other than a water closet pan or urinal for the safe handling and disposal of liquid and solid waste with a flushing apparatus, tap and grating; and (ii) an appliance for the disinfection of pans or an adequate means to dispose of receptacles	Capable of Complying
F3.1	Height of rooms and other spaces	The minimum ceiling height requirements are to comply with the requirements of this provision. In this building the following room heights are to be maintained: (a) a kitchen, laundry, or the like- 2.1m; and (b) a corridor, passageway or the like- 2.4m; and (c) a habitable room excluding a kitchen- 2.4m. According to the elevation and section plans that have been provided the above required	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		room heights can be achieved throughout the building.	
F4.1-4.3	Provision of natural light	Natural lighting must be provided in all habitable rooms of the residential units and all rooms used as sleeping in a 9c building.	Capable of Complying
		Natural light must be provided by:	
		(i) Windows:	
		 A. with an aggregate light transmitting area of not less than 10% the floor area of the room; and 	
		B. that are open to the sky or face a court or other space open to the sky or an open verandah, carport or the like; or	
		(ii) Rooflights, that: A. have an aggregate light transmitting area of not less than 3% the floor area of the room; or	
		(iii) a proportional combination of windows and roof lights required by (i) and (ii).	
		In a Class 9c aged care building, a required window must be transparent and located—	
		(i) in an external wall with the window sill not more than 1 m above the floor level; and	
		(ii) where the window faces an adjoining allotment, another building or another wall of the same building, it must not be less than a horizontal distance of 3 m from the adjoining allotment, other building or wall	
F4.4	Artificial lighting	Artificial lighting is to be provided in accordance with AS/NZS1680.0 to spaces required by this clause.	Capable of Complying
F4.5-4.7	Ventilation of rooms	Ventilation is to be provided by natural or mechanical means in accordance with this provision and Clause F4.6.	Capable of Complying
F4.8	Restriction on the position of water closets and urinals	Sanitary compartments must not open directly into— (a) a kitchen or pantry; or	Does not comply
		(b) a public dining room or restaurant; or	
		(c) a dormitory in a Class 3 building; or	
		(d) a room used for public assembly (which is not an early childhood centre, primary school or open spectator stand); or	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
		 (e) a workplace normally occupied by more than one person. The following sanitary compartments do not comply with the provisions of this Clause: Lower ground floor 7. ACC WC/Shower in Dinning (day respite) Ground Floor 8. WC - southern wing opposite Kit/dinning 9. WC - western wing opposite Kit/dinning Level 1 10. WC - southern wing opposite Kit/dinning 11. WC - western wing opposite Kit/dinning Level 2 12. WC - western wing opposite Kit/dinning A design change is required. 	
F4.9	Airlocks	If the room containing a closet pan or urinal must not open directly into rooms identified in F4.8 above then an airlock of not less than 1.1 m² and fitted with self-closing doors at all access doorways or the room containing the closet pan or urinal must be provided with mechanical ventilation and the doorway to the room adequately screened from view. Where airlocks have not been provided, mechanical ventilation and screening of the bathrooms is to be provided.	Capable of Complying
F4.11	Car park exhaust	The carpark must have a system of ventilation complying with AS1668.2 or permanent natural ventilation in accordance with Section 4 of AS1668.4.	Capable of Complying
F4.12	Kitchen local exhaust	A commercial kitchen must be provided with a kitchen exhaust hood complying with AS/NZS 1668.1-1998 and AS 1668.2-1991 as required by this clause.	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
F5.1	Application of part	The sound insulation requirements of F5.2, F5.3, F5.4, F5.5, F5.6 & F5.7 only apply to the Class 2, 3 and 9c component of the building.	Note
F5.2	Determination of airborne sound insulation ratings	A form of construction required to have an airborne sound insulation rating must: • have the required value for weighted sound reduction index (R _w) or weighted sound reduction index with spectrum adaptation term (R _w + C _{tr}) determined in accordance with AS/NZS 1276.1 or ISO 717.1 using results from laboratory measurements; or • an acceptable form of construction under Spec F5.2. Acoustic engineer to certify at the CC Stage.	Capable of Complying
F5.3	Determination of impact sound insulation ratings	Determination of impact sound insulation ratings is to be in accordance with this clause. Particular attention is required to the requirements for discontinuous construction. Acoustic engineer to certify at the CC Stage.	Capable of Complying
F5.4	Sound insulation rating of floor	A floor in a Class 9c building separating sole occupancy units must have an R _w not less than 45. Acoustic engineer to certify at the CC Stage.	Capable of Complying
F5.5	Sound insulation of walls	Sound insulation of walls and doors is required to be in accordance with this clause. Acoustic engineer to certify at the CC Stage.	Capable of Complying
F5.6	Sound insulation rating of internal services	Services that serves or pass through more than one SOU must achieve the required ratings specified by this clause. Acoustic engineer to certify at the CC Stage.	Capable of Complying
F5.7	Sound isolation of pumps	A flexible coupling must be installed at the point of connection between service pipes in a building and any circulating or other pump. Acoustic engineer to certify at the CC Stage.	Capable of Complying

4.8. Ancillary Provisions (BCA Section G)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and comment	Status
G1.2	Refrigerated chambers, strong rooms & vaults	Refrigerated chambers, strong rooms & vaults to comply with the requirements of this provision.	



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and comment	Status
NSW G1.101	Provision for the cleaning of windows	The method of provision for the cleaning of windows is required to be in accordance with this clause (windows 3 or more storeys above the ground).	Capable of Complying
G2.2	Installation of appliances	Domestic solid fuel burning appliances are not proposed. Boilers and pressure vessels, as defined by BCA, are required to comply with Specification G2.2	Note
NSW G5.2	Protection in bushfire prone areas	The residential age care facility is considered as a special fire protection purpose being deemed as a retirement village. In a designated bushfire prone area, a Class 9 building that is a special fire protection purpose or a Class 10a building or deck associated with such a building or part, must comply with the following— (a) AS 3959 except— (i) as amended by Planning for Bush Fire Protection; and (ii) for Section 9 Construction for Bushfire Attack Level FZ (BAL-FZ). Buildings subject to BAL-FZ must comply with specific conditions of development consent for construction at this level; or (b) the requirements of (a) above as modified by the development consent following consultation with the NSW Rural Fire Service under section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if required; or (c) the requirements of (a) above as modified by development consent with a bushfire safety authority issued under section 100B of the Rural Fires Act 1997 for the purposes of integrated development.	Capable of Complying
G6.1 – G6.9	Outdoor occupiable area	This part applies to occupiable outdoor areas as required by this clause. This clause contains provisions for fire hazard properties; fire separation; escape provisions; firefighting equipment; emergency lighting, exit signs and warning systems; light and ventilation. The following areas have been considered as occupiable outdoor areas in accordance with Schedule 3:	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and comment	Status
		Ground floor	
		Common Balcony (south-west)	
		Balcony adjacent lift lobby	
		Level 1	
		Common Balconies on south and west wings.	
		Level 2	
		 Common Balconies on south and west wings. 	
		5. Terrace	

4.9. Energy Efficiency (BCA Section J – Class 3 and 5 to 9 Buildings)

4.9.1. External Fabric (Part J1)

BCA Clause	Title	Assessment and Comment	Status
J1.1	Application of part	The Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of this Part apply to building elements forming the envelope of a Class 3 and 5 to 9 building in accordance with this clause.	Note
J1.2	Thermal Construction - General	Required insulation, reflective insulation and bulk insulation is to be installed in accordance with this clause and AS/NZS 4859.1.	Capable of Complying
J1.3	Roof and Ceiling Construction	A roof or ceiling that is part of the envelope must achieve the Total R-Value in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J1.4	Roof Lights	No rooflights currently proposed.	N/A
J1.5	Walls & Glazing	External wall-glazing that are part of the envelope are required to comply with the requirements of this provision.	Capable of Complying
J1.6	Floors	Floors that are part of the envelope are required to comply with the requirements of this provision.	Capable of Complying



4.9.2. Building Sealing (Part J3)

BCA Clause	Status	Assessment and Comment	Status
NSW J3.1	Application of part	The Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of this Part apply to building elements forming the envelope of a Class 3 & 5 to 9 building in accordance with this clause.	Note
J3.2	Chimneys and flues	Solid fuel burning appliances are not proposed and the requirements of this provision do not apply.	N/A
J3.3	Roof Light	No rooflights currently proposed.	N/A
J3.4	Windows and doors	Windows and doors forming part of the envelope are required to be sealed to restrict air infiltration in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J3.5	Exhaust Fans	An exhaust fan must be fitted with a sealing device such as a self-closing damper or the like when serving a: conditioned space; or a habitable room in climate zone 4, 6, 7 & 8.	Capable of Complying
J3.6	Construction of roofs, walls and floors	Roofs, ceilings, walls, floors and any openings are required to be designed and constructed to minimise air leakage in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J3.7	Evaporative Coolers	Evaporative coolers are not proposed.	N/A

4.9.3. Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems (Part J5)

BCA Clause	Status	Assessment and Comment	Status
J5.2	Air Conditioning System control	Any proposed air-conditioning systems must be designed in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J5.3	Mechanical ventilation system control	Any proposed mechanical ventilation systems must be designed in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J5.4	Fan systems	Any proposed fan systems must be designed in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J5.5	Ductwork insulation	Ductwork and fittings in an air-conditioning system must be provided with insulation in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying



BCA Clause	Status	Assessment and Comment	Status
J5.6	Ductwork sealing	Ductwork in an air-conditioning system with a capacity of 3000 L/s or greater, not located within the only or last room served by the system, must be sealed against air loss in accordance with the duct sealing requirements of AS 4254.1 and AS 4254.2 for the static pressure in the system.	Capable of Complying
J5.7	Pump systems	Pumps and pipework that form part of an air- conditioning system are to be designed in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J5.8	Pipework insulation	Piping, vessels, heat exchangers and tanks containing heating or cooling fluid, where the fluid is held at a heated or cooled temperature, that are part of an air-conditioning system, other than in appliances covered by MEPS, must be provided with insulation in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J5.9	Space heating	A heater used for air-conditioning or as part of an air-conditioning system must be provided with insulation in accordance with this clause	Capable of Complying
J5.10	Refrigerant chillers	An air-conditioning system refrigerant chiller must comply with MEPS and the full load operation energy efficiency ratio and integrated part load energy efficiency ratio in Table J5.10a or Table J5.10b when determined in accordance with AHRI 551/591.	Capable of Complying
J5.11	Unitary air conditioning equipment	Unitary air-conditioning equipment including packaged air-conditioners, split systems, and variable refrigerant flow systems must comply with MEPS and for a capacity greater than or equal to 65 kWr where required by this clause.	Capable of Complying
J5.12	Heat rejection equipment	The motor rated power of a fan in a cooling tower, closed circuit cooler or evaporative condenser must not exceed the allowances in Table J5.12. The fan in an air-cooled condenser must have a motor rated power in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying



4.9.4. Artificial Lighting and Power (Part J6)

BCA Clause	Status	Assessment and Comment	Status
J6.2	Artificial lighting	Artificial lighting is to be designed in accordance with this provision.	Capable of Complying
J6.3	Interior artificial lighting and power control	Artificial lighting and power control are to be designed and provided in accordance with this provision.	Capable of Complying
J6.4	Interior decorative and display lighting	Interior decorative and display lighting, such as for foyer mural or art display, must be controlled in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J6.5	Exterior artificial lighting	Artificial lighting around the perimeter of a building must be designed to comply with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J6.6	Boiling water and chilled water storage units	Power supply to a boiling water or chilled water storage unit is required to be controlled by a time switch in accordance with Spec J6.	Capable of Complying
J6.7	Lifts	Lifts must be designed to comply with this clause.	Capable of Complying
J6.8	Escalators and moving walkways	No escalators and moving walkways proposed.	N/A

4.9.5. Heated Water Supply and Swimming Pool and Spa Pool Plant (Part J7)

BCA Clause	Status	Assessment and Comment	Status
J7.2	Hot Water Supply	A heated water supply system for food preparation and sanitary purposes must be designed and installed in accordance with Part B2 of NCC Volume Three — Plumbing Code of Australia.	

4.9.6. Facilities for Energy Monitoring (Part J8)

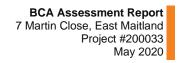
BCA Clause	Status	Assessment and Comment	Status
J8.3	Facilities for energy monitoring	Facilities for energy monitoring are required to be provided in accordance with this clause.	Capable of Complying



5. FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE

The following table is a list of the required fire safety measures for this development. This list is to be treated as a guide as to what the buildings are considered to require.

NO	FIRE SAFETY MEASURES (AS SET OUT UNDER CLAUSE 166 OF EP&A ACT REGULATIONS)	STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE	PROPOSED
1.	Access panels, doors & hoppers to fire resisting shaft	BCA 2019 C3.13 & AS 1905.1-2015 Amdt 1	YES
2.	Automatic fail-safe devices	BCA 2019 Spec C3.4 automatic smoke doors; D2.21 (b)(iv) auto unlock of doors;	YES
3.	Automatic fire detection and alarm system	BCA 2019 E2.2, Spec E2.2a; Clause 4 (smoke detection system); Clause 6 (smoke detection for smoke control systems) & AS 1670.1-2018	YES
4.	Automatic fire suppression system	BCA 2019 E1.5, Spec E1.5 & AS 2118.1-2017 Amdt 1 & AS 2118.6-2012	YES
5.	Building occupant warning system	BCA 2019 Spec E2.2a (Clause 7) & AS1670.1-2018 (Clause 3.22)	YES
6.	Emergency lighting	BCA 2019 Clause E4.2, E4.3, E4.4 & AS 2293.1 – 2018	YES
7.	Exit signs	BCA 2019 E4.5, E4.6, E4.8 Spec E4.8 & AS 2293.1- 2018	YES
8.	Fire dampers	BCA 2019 C3.12, C3.15 & AS1668.1-2015 Amdt 1, AS 1668.2-2012 Amdt 1 & 2	YES
9.	Fire doors	BCA 2019 C2.12 (separation of equipment); C2.13 (electricity supply systems); C3.3 (separation of external walls & associated openings in fire compartments); C3.4, Spec C3.4; C3.5 (doorways & fire walls); C3.13 (openings in shafts) & AS 1905.1 – 2015 Amott 1	YES
10.	Fire rated lift landing doors	BCA 2019 C3.10 & AS 1735.11-1986	YES
11.	Fire hose reel systems (carpark only)	BCA 2019 E1.4 & AS 2441-2005 Amdt 1	YES
12.	Fire hydrant systems	BCA 2019 E1.3 & AS 2419.1-2005 Amdt 1	YES
13.	Fire seals protecting openings in fire resisting components of the building	BCA 2019 C3.12, C3.15 & Spec C3.15, AS 4072.1-2005 Amdt 1, AS 1530.42014	YES
14.	Lightweight construction	BCA 2019 C1.8 & Spec C1.8	YES
15.	Mechanical air handling system	BCA 2019 E2.2, Table E2.2a; NSW Table E2.2b, Spec E2.2a, Spec E2.2b & AS 1668.1-2015 Amdt 1. Class 7a (carpark building mechanical ventilation systems) BCA 2019 E2.2, Table E2.2a and Clause 5.5 of AS 1668.1-2015	YES





NO	FIRE SAFETY MEASURES (AS SET OUT UNDER CLAUSE 166 OF EP&A ACT REGULATIONS)	STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE	PROPOSED
16.	Portable fire extinguishers	BCA 2019 E1.6 & AS 2444-2001	YES
17.	Smoke dampers	BCA 2019 E2.2, & Spec C2.5 (9c) & AS 1682.1-2015, AS 1682.2-2015	YES
18.	Smoke detectors & heat detectors	BCA 2019 Spec C3.4 automatic closing smoke doors; E2.2, Spec E2.2a, Spec E2.2b, AS 1670.1-2018 & AS 3786-2014	YES
19.	Smoke doors	BCA 2019 C2.14, C3.4, Clause 2 Spec C2.5 & Spec C3.4.	YES
20.	Warning and operational signs	EPA Regulation 2000 (Clause 183), D2.23 (signs on exit doors), E3.3 (lifts)	YES



6. SUMMARY OF NON-COMPLIANCE ISSUES

The following non-compliance's with the deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the BCA, in relation to the proposed building work, have been identified and are proposed to be dealt by justification against the performance requirements of the BCA in accordance with BCA Clause A2.2.

C1.9 & C1.14

The BCA requires building elements of Type A or B construction to be non-combustible, this includes elements on the external wall. The proposed drawings indicate that external walls are to be cladded.

Further information regarding the awning products and cladding products in particular 05 Timber Look cladding is required for assessment to determine the external wall and any attachments are deemed non-combustible.







NSW C2.5

The BCA requires smoke compartments in aged care building not to exceed 500m².

The following smoke compartments **exceed 500m² (highlight in red on the diagrams below):**

Ground Floor:

- 1. SC06 506.9m²
- 2. SC09 512.3m²
- 3. SC11 547.3m²



Level 1

- 4. SC12 532.9m²
- 5. SC16 547.5m²
- 6. SC17 500.5m²





Level 2

- 7. SC21 525.9m²
- 8. SC22 548.7m²



Performance justification is proposed.

Ancillary use areas containing equipment or materials that are a high potential fire hazard, must be separated from the sole-occupancy units by smoke proof walls complying with Specification C2.5.

The ancillary use areas referred to above include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (A) A kitchen and related food preparation areas having a combined floor area of more than 30 m2.
- (B) A laundry, where items of equipment are of the type that are potential fire sources (e.g. gas fire dryers).
- (C) Storage rooms greater than 10 m2 used predominantly for the storage of administrative records.

The following ancillary areas exceed the above floor area requirements and require smoke proof walls:

Ground floor

 Western double kitchen + servery 32m²

Level 1

2. Western double kitchen + servery 32m²

Level 2

 Western double kitchen + servery 35m²



Performance justification is proposed

Generally, the exit travel distances throughout the building meet the requirements of this Clause, with the exception of the following areas:

Ground Floor

Common balcony (South west wing)

• 24m > 20m to POC

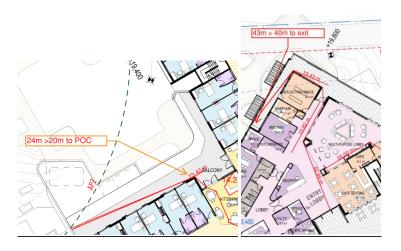
Walkway to the rear of the Chaplain

• 43m >40m to exit

D1.4







Level 2

Terrace

- 24m >20m to POC
- 54.2m > 40m to exit

Community room

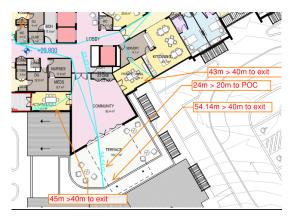
• 48m > 40m to exit

Private dinning (off community room)

• 43m > 40m to exit

Activities room (off community room)

• 45m > 40m to exit



Performance justification is proposed

The following exits are located more than 60m apart and are not in accordance with DtS provision:

Level 1

Northern exit

• 73m > 60m to alternate exit

Eastern exit

• 67m > 60m to alternate exit

D1.5



Southern exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit

Western exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit

Level 2

Northern exit

• 74m > 60m to alternate exit

Southern exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit

Western exit

• 64m > 60m to alternate exit



Performance justification is proposed

External stairs are proposed in lieu of fire isolated stairs. The proposed drawings indicate the external stair is generally open at one end with attached louvres assumed to be for weather protection.

Architect to confirm the open area of the external stairs with the proposed louvre systems.

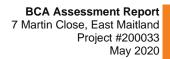
The BCA requires handrails to be provided in accordance with the provision of this Clause throughout the development.

Handrails have not been provided in the following areas:

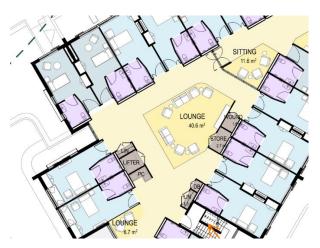
- 1. Lower ground (wellness area)
- 2. Ground level Residential areas
- 3. Level 2 Residential areas
- 4. External stairs in lieu of FIS
- 5. Common lobby on all levels;

D1.8

D2.17





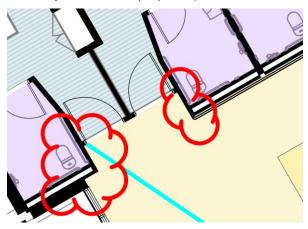


A design change is required.

The following areas have been provided with handrails however, the handrails are not strictly in accordance with DtS provisions:

Lower ground and level 1:

- 1. Handrails do not wrap around SOU sanitary facility to residential entrances within the ward areas; (A design change is required).
- 2. Handrails are not provided to both sides. (Performance justification is proposed)



Residents are generally provided with their own private facilities however the BCA requires the following:

- (i) For residents in each building or group of buildings, provide—
- (A) a closet pan and wash basin for each 6 residents or part thereof where private facilities are not provided; and
- (B) a shower for each 7 residents or part thereof for where private facilities are not provided; and
- (C) a suitable bath, fixed or mobile

The proposed design does not provide a common fixed or mobile bath is required.

A design change is required.

F2.1



F4.8

The BCA restricts sanitary compartments from opening directly into a kitchen or pantry or a public dining room.

The following sanitary compartments do not comply with the provisions of this Clause:

Lower ground floor

1. ACC WC/Shower in Dinning (day respite)

Ground Floor

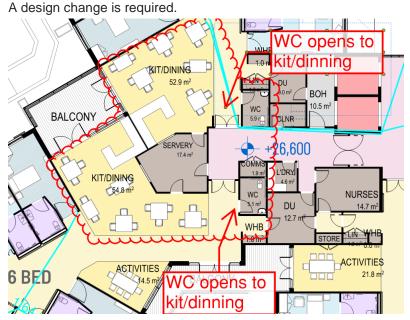
- 2. WC southern wing opposite Kit/dinning
- 3. WC western wing opposite Kit/dinning

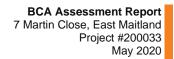
Level 1

- 4. WC southern wing opposite Kit/dinning
- 5. WC western wing opposite Kit/dinning

Level 2

6. WC - western wing opposite Kit/dinning







7. CONCLUSION

The design as proposed is capable of complying with the Building Code of Australia and will be subject to construction documentation that will provide appropriate details to demonstrate compliance. This report has identified areas of non-compliance with the deemed-to-satisfy provisions and indicates the design intent to demonstrate compliance with the Performance Requirements of the BCA. Whilst the performance-based solutions are to be design developed, it is my view that the solutions will not impact on the current design.



BCA Assessment Report 7 Martin Close, East Maitland Project #200033 May 2020

ATTACHMENT 1

Assessed plans prepared by Calder Flower Architects

Plan Title	Drawing No	Revision	Date
Lower Ground Floor Plan	A100	P1	15/05/2020
Ground Floor Plan	A101	P1	15/05/2020
Level 1 Floor Plan	A102	P1	15/05/2020
Level 2 Floor Plan	A103	P1	15/05/2020
Roof Plan	A104	P1	15/05/2020
Smoke Compartments	A110	-	15/05/2020
Fire Compartments	A111	-	15/05/2020
Elevations	A200	P1	15/05/2020
Sections	A210	P1	15/05/2020
Materials	A800	-	15/05/2020